The Living Church

ugust 31, 1952

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Weekly Record of the News, the Work, and the Thought of the Episcopal Church

MEETING AND GREETING: Presiding Bishop and Mrs. Sherrill welcome Archbishop of Canterbury and Mrs. Fisher [see p. 10].

Pre-Convention Number



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With leachets
The Rev. VICTOR HOAG, D.D., Editor



What to Memorize

HE above is the title of a 24-page leaflet just published by the diocese of New Jersey in an effort to accomplish more and better memorization. Any even casual study of text books for the Church school reveals how uneven and how unplanned is this important area of memorizing. Some systems still ask that the pupil memorize a single Bible verse each week. It seems as though the editor, in a line-production system of writing the course, came upon his stock heading, "Something to memorize," and chose a verse associated with the lesson.

Other schemes provide far too much, making it unlikely that any child will learn the assignment, ever. Some plans suffer from the personal disposition of the editor who may stick to his repetitious way of requiring a poem-prayer each week. Again, some courses, especially those for older pupils, leave out all suggestions for memorizing, apparently leaving this to the teacher.

The old Christian Nurture Series had as one of its five strands, running through every course and lesson, the topic "Memory." The things assigned for learning were seriously intended to be done, and they were kept alive by the charts in the back of the book. There was not a different item each week, but a selection was to be accomplished over several weeks, and then reviewed, with other matter.

Christianity is distinctly a religion with a literature. While much of this is to be known by the instructed Christian for its content and meaning, there is yet much of it that serves to uplift and guide by the beauty of its exact words.

In careful study of what to have children memorize, the problem arose of separating a passage that was beloved by the adult committee because of life-long familiarity in a certain version - usually the King James - from the real meanings more clearly brought out by modern versions. To give an example, if anyone will read carefully the 13th Chapter of I Corinthians he will be moved at once by its familiar beauty of phrase. But if he will take the trouble to compare it with the passage in the Revised Standard Version he will be struck at first with the fact that he must put his mind to it to interpret each phrase for its real meaning. Missing the lilt of the familiar King James, the fir impression is of a sort of jolt, then realization that here is something deep than the words — here is the keen min of St. Paul, giving the Church his ana ysis of the full meaning of Christia Love.

The second impression is that the ne form has, very likely, just as much mus and charm as the old, plus the great clarity. Shall we ask our pupils to men orize the new Version, or require th they continue in the older form?

A more important consideration for what purpose should we required memorization? Clearly we should ho to equip our children with things to so in the great moments, all through lift Passages should be readily in mind for worship, all kinds of prayer, for heling others in need, for answering it quiries accurately, for meditation, after the many moments when we justice with ourselves, and need wing words to fill the forefront of our min

The plan behind the leaflet mention is to provide selections suited for mer orizing at certain grades—not too man but the ones every Churchman shou know, and know well. One motive to provide a selection of items which w most likely be learned, under the ave age teacher, and by the general run pupils. Exceptional zeal and feats memorizing cannot cover up the fathat most of our children pass through their parish schooling with almost a permanent memory gems. They ha practically no equipment for adult list

One of our goals might well be produce a generation of adults who we so familiar with certain hymn-poen prayers, and Bible passages that the children might be imbued with the sai by home repetition. The generation the 1880's knew "Now I lay me dow to sleep," and little else, and their c scendants have suffered.

Preparing our children for life surely part of our duty. To induce the to learn the best things—if only a few-and know them well, should be one ai of every vital teacher, guided by sor semi-official memory schedule. Where v once had people who could recite all t "Golden Texts," we may hope to crea a solid core of Church folk who knowell an official Memory List.

The Right and Duty of a Bishop

INCE it appears that a revision of Canon 47 relative to the respective parts be played by the vestry and the bishop the filling of vacant cures, may be proed in the forthcoming General Convena, and in view of the fact that I have n no defense set forth recently of the non as it stands, I venture to ask for consideration of the matter from this ndpoint especially as the undersigned I not be able to attend the Convention. nee this letter was prepared I have reved a copy of the brochure on the subt from Long Island).

Let me disclaim any special reference any particular case on which I certainly ald not claim qualification to offer any Igment and would not wish to do so.

The essence of the whole question is ether the bishop of the diocese should we the right and duty of a final decision of the initial decision) in the matter of ing a vacant cure. As briefly as possible me give these reasons in favor.

me give these reasons in favor.

(1) The polity of the Church through ages is in the affirmative; I must be then to quote briefly from our best thority, White's American Church Law:

"As originally all power and authority was ven to the bishops and by them exercised r centuries, that power and authority rests them today, except when surrendered by em, or taken from them by legislative enment, or by a legitimate conclusion from ch enactment."

Then Judge Hoffman:

"The bishop's primitive jurisdiction to rert to for guidance and direction—a power thout a shadow of claim to infallibility, it with an absolute claim to obedience."

Then Dr. White adds:

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Morehouse-Gorham Co. 14 E. 41st. St., New York 17, N. Y. 29 E. Madison St. Chicago 2, Ill. 261 Golden Gate Ave. San Francisco 2, Calif. "It will not, I think be contended by anyone, that the Church of England, or the Church in America, has ever by any legislative enactment deprived the bishop of a diocese of his right to require that his consent shall first be obtained before a minister elected by a vestry of a parish shall become the rector thereof."

(2) The natural interpretation of the canon as it stands is that there can be no completed election until the bishop is satisfied that the proposed person is a "duly qualified minister," and this in the broad sense of being fully qualified in every way not simply that he is a valid minister in good standing, else the bishop would practically be simply a "rubber stamp" of the vestry and would not need "30 days" as is accorded him in making a decision.

The Office of Institution confirms this interpretation. While the use of the Office is not obligatory, being a part of the Prayer Book, it represents in the highest way the teaching of the Church. How, without hypocritical self-demeaning, could a bishop say this to a minister, whom in his heart he believes to be not really fitted for the position: "We do by these presents give and grant unto you, in whose Learning, Diligence, Sound Doctrine, and Prudence, we do fully confide, our Licence, and Authority to perform the office of a Priest etc. etc." Book of Common Prayer, p. 561.

(3) But once more, and more pragmatically perhaps, because as truth is found in the Bible because it is truth, and not truth because found in the Bible, so this final power and responsibility of the bishop is provided not because it is the polity of the Church, but it is the polity of the Church because it is needed. It is needed as a check on the action of the vestry. The bishop is often better informed and in better position to judge. I can say this from experience. He will of course generally function in a pastoral way in these and other matters, but so much is at issue here that in the very few cases that might call for it, he nevertheless should have the authority of veto - more often than not he will save the vestry from serious error.

This does not take away from the vestry the general right and power of initiative which they should have. It operates only in seldom and special cases, after which the initiative is restored to the vestry.

We need not refer to the arguments which are based upon a lack of truth and righteous judgment (e.g. "monochrome" diocese) on the part of the bishop. True he is not infallible — mistakes may occur. But surely the Protestant Episcopal Church is not intending now in its legislation to discount the normal and honest functioning of a bishop as set forth in the Office of Consecration.

(Rt. Rev.) ALBERT S. THOMAS, Retired Bishop of South Carolina. Rockville, Wadmalaw, S. C.

Ecclesiastical Discrimination

AN amendment to the constitution of General Convention has been introduced and referred to the various dioceses and districts, whether for vote or simply for information is not clear. But, be that

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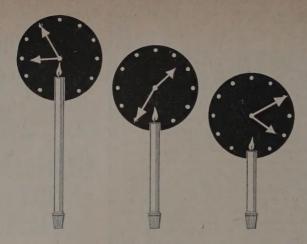
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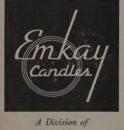
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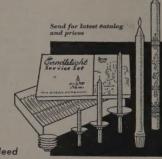
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August

31. 12th Sunday after Trinity.

September

- Church Periodical Club, national triennil meeting, Boston, to 6th.
- National Executive Board meeting, Woman Auxiliary, Boston, to 6th.
 National Council meeting, Boston, to 6th.
- 13th Sunday after Trinity. General Convention, Boston, to 19th.
 Woman's Auxiliary Triennial Meeting, Beton, to 19th.
- 10. National Canterbury Association Convention Medford, Mass., to 14th.
- 11. Triennial Youth Convention, Medford, Masto 14th.
- 14. 14th Sunday after Trinity
 GFS United Nations Pilgrimage, to 21st.

LIVING CHURCH news is gathered by a staff over 120 correspondents, one in every diocese as missionary district of the Episcopal Church a several in foreign lands. The LIVING CHURCH is subscriber to Religious News Service and Ecumeral Press Service and is served by leading nation news picture agencies.

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as it may, the effort on the part of the proponents looks like an attempt to constitutionalize ecclesiastical discrimination very bad principle. The matter should be decided on principle and not on sentiment.

expediency, or fear. Really, if those who proposed and intro-duced it have fears that retired bishops might cow the House by their numbers, they may as well put aside such fears at once; for only those possessed of private means, wealthy wives, or generous bene-factors will hereafter be able to attend. For one, I can assure the House that those who, upon retirement, have to buy or rent a house and live on their pension, good as it is, will not have money enough, even if their health should allow, for mileage and meals, not to speak of incidental expenses.

I know of only two states of life in this democratic country in which an adult is deprived of the franchise, (1) Where he gets a number in place of a name, (2) the other where he is discriminated against on account of race or color. And I do not believe we want that condition to steal its way into the legislative assembly of the

national Church.

Should the amendment prevail, the time might not be far away when some diocese would venture to disfranchise its nonparochial priests and deacons.

The civil government does not disfranchise a citizen on account of age, poverty, race, or religion, nor does it deprive its

retired servants of their vote.

It may be that wisdom does lie with youth, but does understanding? After all, an old man is an important step in the ladder by means of which the young make the climb.

When leaving Buckingham Palace after being presented to the King and Queen at the last Lambeth Conference, one bishop was heard to remark, "I'm not going to wash that hand again, it has touched roy-alty!" Another retorted, "Then you do believe in Apostolic Succession!"

I wonder whether the proponents of the amendment in question have touched

the hand of loyalty.

THOMAS JENKINS, Retired Bishop of Nevada. Port Orford, Ore.

Interpreting the Canons

HE Protestant Episcopal Church in THE Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America is com-posed of 74 dioceses and 13 domestic missionary districts, each of which contains a well disciplined administrative organization, and each of which is bound by the canons and resolutions adopted at the General Convention. However, each diocese and missionary district has exercised sovereign authority to interpret and enforce the canons and resolutions as its administrative officers have seen fit. In some cases there has been considerable conflict n the interpretation and enforcement of canons and resolutions, resulting in confu-sion and lack of confidence in the Church. One of the more glaring examples of conlict has been in the interpretation and enforcement of the Marriage Canon. The problem concerning the application of the Marriage Canon is nicely summarized in the following excerpt from Ambiguities in

the Marriage Canon by Bishop Robert Hatch, Suffragan of Connecticut:

"In its application, however, the canon has given rise to considerable range of interpretation. To some it appears to be highly restrictive, more so than what we have had in the past. To others it appears to be liberal, allowing the Church to remarry people who could not have remarried under the old canon. To some it appears to uphold the teaching that when a marriage is once valid it is indissoluble. To others it appears to allow the remarriage of persons whose former marriage, although once valid, was dissolved for reasons other than those listed in Canon 17 as the grounds for annulment."

The purpose of the canon which I propose to introduce at the General Convention in Boston is to set up a Churchwide committee to which the ecclesiastical authorities of all dioceses and missionary dis-



tricts can refer problems concerning the interpretation and enforcement of canons and resolutions of the National Church. Such a committee would consist of bishops, presbyters, and laymen, who would probably be chancellors. It would answer inquiries and, on important matters, promulgate and publish opinions which would be collected and, from time to time, issued in book form for the guidance of clergy and laity. Such a committee has long functioned as a valuable arm of the American Bar Association.

ROBERT T. McCracken, Chancellor, Diocese of Pennsylvania, and deputy to General Convention. Philadelphia, Pa.

Bishop of Rio Grande

YOUR suggested title ("Bishop of the Rio Grande") is indeed appropriate foresight. We shall anticipate an issue of THE LIVING CHURCH when the question mark will not be placed after the cutline under the picture of Bishop Stoney [L.C.,

Upon returning with my family to live again in New Mexico after nine years absence from our home state, discussion of religious activities here came to the fore with Paul Horgan, author, now completing one of the river series books on the Rio Grande, whose recent Devil in the Desert (Longmans) — relating to the last hours of a priest of the lower Rio Grande — is being widely read. Mr. Horgan remarked: "We have the two most glorious ecclesiastical titles in the United States: The Archbishop of Santa Fe and the Bishop of the Rio Grande.'

These are historically important to Christendom. As early as 1540 priests were accompanying Spanish exploring expe-

ditions in the Southwest. But more significant to the mission field is the fact that, before religious services were held by the Pilgrims of the Atlantic coast, missions were being established in the Rio Grande valley, from what is now El Paso, Tex., to Santa Fe (The Royal City of the Holy Faith of St. Francis), the northern capitol of New Spain from which the mission field spread.

In his chronicle on the entrance of Onate in 1598, Villagra writes of the worship of the colonists which led to mission activity. Benavides, in his report to the Spanish crown, after his visit (1625-30), describes the arts which were being taught in the missions. In 1952 it is difficult for us to realize that, at Santo Domingo, on the banks of the Rio Grande, an office of the inquisition was in operation in the 17th century. With all, the Rio Grande valley remains the oldest mission field in our nation.

So, speaking for a New Mexico family, we hope that the very appropriate designation of the diocese of the Rio Grande will be approved when the missionary district of New Mexico and Southwest Texas becomes a diocese at the 57th General Con-

vention in September.

RUSSELL VERNON HUNTER, Director, Roswell Museum. Roswell, New Mexico.

Our Lord's Words on Divorce

MAY one inquire why it is that the perennial discussion as to whether it is always wrong to marry a new spouse after divorce proceeds as if the issue were one of general morality or ethics, while our Lord's saying on the subject is not men-

Our Lord said that man and wife are one flesh and can not be separated by divorce, with the result that one who puts away his wife and marries another is an adulterer. This no doubt is an inconvenient saying in these days, but that surely does not justify putting it out of consideration. It was an inconvenient saying when it was uttered, so much so that St. Peter's comment was that if that is so it is not good for a man to marry.

Why is our Lord's saying ignored in these discussions? Why, indeed, is it not always the one subject of discussion? Surely in the Church the one question must be as to His meaning. If He meant that every marriage is incapable of dissolution and therefore every marriage to a new spouse after divorce adulterous, then adulterous it is, for His Church. And surely His Church acts disloyally if it condones what He condemns.

If our Lord did not mean that every marriage after divorce is adulterous, what did He mean? Perhaps His meaning may be open to discussion. But whatever He meant, that His Church must stand by, wherefore His meaning is the only possible subject of discussion in the Church. It is distressing to observe Churchmen including especially bishops approach the subject as one of general morality or ethics as if our Lord's pronouncement were so much irrelevant chatter. Possibly these people are averse to facing the one true issue because they do not know how to make much

SORTS AND CONDITIONS

of an argument about our Lord's meaning.

It is too bad that this very pressing matter should be persistently rested on what, for the Church, certainly is a false issue, as if the Church might disregard her Lord's statement.

EDWARD N. PERKINS, Attorney.

New York City.

Appreciation

THROUGH the pages of THE LIVING CHURCH as a subscriber and regular reader I desire to express grateful appreciation for your splendid support and news items concerning the Brotherhood of St. Andrew. The recent growth and greatly increased desire for the Brotherhood has been due in no small measure to the publicity received through the pages of our various Church publications. The LIVING CHURCH is no exception.

While our own publication, St. Andrew's Cross, does reach our membership and many friends, vast numbers of our clergy and laity have learned of the Brotherhood and its purpose through news articles and photographs used in your publication. Many of our inquiries have come to us

because of your support.

This appreciation is made not only personally but as general secretary on behalf of the entire Brotherhood membership everywhere. This expression is made just prior to my leaving the Brotherhood officially in order to work with Bishop Gray in the diocese of Connecticut, in youth and laymen's work. Obviously I am not leaving entirely for I shall continue as a member of the BSA National Council from Connecticut and chairman of our Junior Division Committee.

In addition to the valuable help your publication has meant to us nationally, I think you should know too that during the past few months work is being promoted and begun by the Brotherhood of St. Andrew in Costa Rica, Panama, Brazil, and Mexico. We hope shortly to have our handbook printed in Spanish. Indeed we are slowly but surely becoming a spiritual

force internationally.

Again, 1 green, and valuable support.

Morron O. Nace, Souther, Again, I greatly appreciate your helpful

General Secretary, The Brotherhood of St. Andrew in the United States.

York, Pa.

Bishop

A LETTER to The Question Box [L. C., May 25th] asks what is the correct method of address when speaking to one of our bishops.

In company with the writer of that letter, I too have often felt the awkwardness of the customary "Bishop, - - - .

When, as is the case in this country, a mayor is addressed "Mr. Mayor;" the president, "Mr. President;" a judge, "Your Honor;" often the pastor of a church, "Mr. Rector;" why must our Right Reverend Fathers-in-God be so bluntly called to attention? HUGH McEDWARDS.

Great Neck, N. Y.

This week's first-hand report of opening events at the history-making Lund conference on Faith and Order comes to Sorts and Conditions from Clifford Morehouse, who is a delegate.

SOME 250 official delegates and nearly as many visitors gathered in the historic Cathedral at Lund, Sweden, August 15th, for the opening service of the Third World Conference on Paith and Order Standing in the terror of the Conference on Standing in the terror of the Standing in the St Faith and Order. Standing in the tradition of the previous Faith and Order conferences at Lausanne in 1927 and at Edinburgh in 1937, the present conference is under the auspices of the World Council of Churches, and its findings will be presented to the second General Assembly of that federation, to be held in Evanston, Ill., in 1954.

REMINDING delegates that the conference opened on "the festival of the ference opened on "the festival of the Dormition, the oldest feast of the Blessed Virgin Mary," Bishop Lakdasa De Mel of Ceylon (Anglican) said in his sermon, "We give thanks to God for the example of her great obedience, for which all generations shall call her blessed." As a representative of the "younger Churches," he called upon representatives of the older Churches to catch their vision of the necessity of Christian unity, and for necessity of Christian unity, and for "a consuming desire to bring the glory of the nations into the Kingdom of God by building up all flesh into the Sacred Humanity of Jesus Christ."

IN A SECOND SERMON at the opening service, General Superintendent Dr. Gunter Jacob, of the German East Zone, likened the present period in Christendom to the Israelite Baby-Christendom to the Israelite Babylonian captivity, and stressed the message of hope voiced by Isaiah. "Being Christ's servants," he said, "we cannot be servants of worldly powers, their ideologies and programs; servants of a certain nation, or race; or of West or East." The service was arranged and conducted by Bishop Ivan Lee Holt, American Methodist.

THE OTHER GREAT SERVICE of the opening days was the "High Mass with Communion," celebrated according to the rite of the Church of Sweden in Lund Cathedral on Sunday, the 17th, to which all delegates were invited. The Cathedral was filled, with parishioners, delegates, and visitors, about half of whom received Holy Communion. Earlier the same day, in the crypt of the Cathedral, an Old Catholic celebration was held, at which Anglicans also were invited to communicate. Thus some of the Anglicans made their communions at the earlier old Catholic service and some at the Swedish one, though all attended the latter.

AFTER AN ADDRESS of greeting by Archbishop Yngve Brilioth, Primate of Sweden, the Conference organized with his election as president, ganized with his election as president, and election of Dr. Douglas Horton, American Congregationalist, as vice president. The reports of the theological commissions, which have been at work for several years, were then formally presented by Dr. Leonard Hodgson, theological secretary, who pointed out that these were only a

starting point for discussion, and that the Conference would be expected to formulate its own report.

EMPHASIZING the centrality of the question of the nature of the Church for all discussions, he posed as the basic question: "How far are the various conceptions of the Church which we bring with us reconcilable which we bring with as reconcidents so as to be tenable together in one united Church? . . . What if the unity which God wills for His Church be a unity which, like His own unity, we unity which, like His own unity, we have not yet conceived in our minds? What if it be a unity which the Church has to become in fact, in order that its members may begin to understand it in thought?" Somehow, Dr. Hodgson emphasized, we must find points at which we can break through the present divisions and blaze a new the present divisions and blaze a new trail toward unity, perhaps in some manner not previously conceived by

REPRESENTATION OF CHURCHES is somewhat different from that at previous Conferences on Faith and Order. The political situation is shown by the absence of delegates from Soviet Russia and Communist China, though there are members from Communist Hungary and Czechoslovakia, and from the East Zone of oslovakia, and from the East John of Germany. The Orthodox are represented only by Archbishop Athenagoras, Exarch for Central and Western Europe, who is a World Council President, and by the Russian Orthodox Church of America.

Clifford P. Morehouse.

GENERAL CONVENTION is a threering circus (House of Bishops, House of Deputies, and Woman's Auxiliary) with many sideshows - meetings and exhibits of official and unofficial Church organizations. One of the liveliest sideshows in past years has been the program of the Episcopal League for Social Action, a voluntary organization of Churchmen devoted to improving the social order. Leading members of ELSA occasionally get named in peri-odicals devoted to ferreting out dissatisfaction with America's economic system. At this General Convention. ELSA will conduct a series of film-forums, at noon each day, September 9th to 13th, at the Huntington Avenue YMCA. Documentary films, some of them on controversial topics, will be followed by informal discussion.

THE SUNDAY OFFERING was sto-len from St. John's Church, Elizabeth, N. J., August 18th. The money was in a safe in the church vestry, and had not been counted.

ON OKINAWA, the Church's newest missionary area, a new church has just been opened in Nago. The mis-sion staff has been augmented by four Japanese theological students during the summer. The mission has just gone through a typhoon which ruined gone through a typhoon which ruined the chapel altar in Mihara, Fr. God-frey reports. While the typhoon was blowing, he and seven Okinawans were driving south from Nago sing-ing, "Keredemo watkusi wa osoroshi deshita—honto ni"—which is appar-ently an Okinawan version of some rousing hymn. Peter Day. rousing hymn.

TWELFTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY

GENERAL CONVENTION

TELEVISION

Archbishop to Preach

The Archbishop of Canterbury, the Most Rev. Geoffrey Francis Fisher, will preach at Old North Church, Boston, at 11 AM (EDS time) Sunday, September 7th, the day of the opening of General Convention. The service will be telecast over WBZ-TV. Presiding Bishop Sherril and Bishop Nash of Massachusetts will take part in the service, as will the vicar of the church, the Rev. Charles Russell Peck.

This is the second time that Dr. Fisher has visited this country since he became archbishop, the other time being a visit he made to the 1946 General Convention in Philadelphia.

Under the present arrangement, the

telecast can only be seen in New England but it is hoped that it may be picked up on a national hook-up.

ISSUES

The Budget

A missionary, educational, and social program requiring a budget of \$5,805,-659.86 per year for 1953, 1954, and 1955 will be presented by the National Council to General Convention in a joint session of the House of Bishops and the House of Deputies, September 9th. The increase of \$610,000 over the current budget will provide \$300,000 more for domestic missions, \$130,000 more for foreign missions, \$54,000 more for Christian education, and \$40,000 more for Christian social relations.

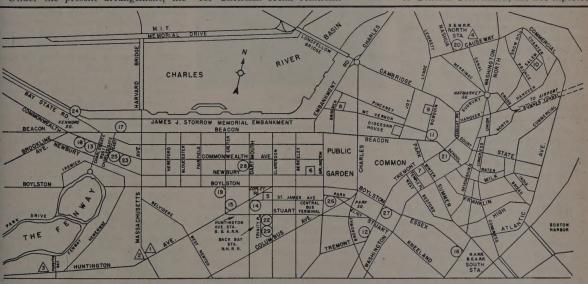
The consideration and adoption of this budget, with changes made by the Convention, will probably be the most important piece of business done by the meeting in Boston, September 7th to 19th. However, as governing body of the Church, the Convention will have many other matters to consider.

Pastoral Relations

Most controversial issues will probably be amendments proposed to Canons 46 and 47, on the relations between rectors, vestries, and bishops. [See p. 9; also, L.C., May 25th.]

Unity Proposals

Proposals for unity with other Churches, for ten years a hotly contested feature of General Convention, are not expected



Meeting Places △

- Horticultural Hall (House of Bishops) Symphony Hall (House of Deputies) Museum of Fine Arts (Official Reception) Boston Garden (Opening UTO Services)

Churches

- (5) Trinity Church
- Emmanuel Church St. Paul's Cathedral Church of the Advent

DOWN TOWN BOSTON

- (9) St. John the Evangelist (10) Old North Church

Hotels O

- (11) Hotel Bellevue
- Hotel Bradford Hotel Braemore
- (14) Sheraton Plaza (Auxiliary Headquarters, formerly Copley Plaza Hotel)
 (15) Copley Square Hotel
 (16) Essex Hotel

- Fensgate Hotel
- Kenmore Hotel 19)
- Manger Hotel Parker House
- Pioneer Hotel (Women)
- Puritan Hotel
- Shelton Hotel
- Somerset Hotel Statler Hotel (Convention Headquarters)
- Vendome Hotel

TUNING IN (Background information for new L.C. readers): Archbishop of Canterbury is the primate (chief bishop) of all England and the primus inter pares (first among equals) of all Anglican bishops, including the Episcopal Church in the U. S., and Churches in Scotland, Ireland, Wales, Canada, Australia, and other countries. ¶Though the two Houses meet together to hear certain important reports, they separate for debate and voting on them.

to be an issue this year. The Joint Commission on Approaches to Unity is working on problems of intercommunion with the Methodist Church, but does not ask the Convention to take any specific action in this field.

Study of National Council

A resolution from the diocese of Michigan will ask the Convention to "cause a study and evaluation of the work and the expenditures of the National Council to be made by a disinterested body with instructions to such body to submit its report, with recommendations, at the triennial Convention in 1955."

Quotas

A changed method of calculating the missionary quotas of the various dioceses and districts will be proposed by a Joint Committee of the two Houses. Effect of the change will be to use average current expenses of the last three years instead of the last six as the base and to reduce the amount of loading for dioceses that contain large parishes.

Marriage Canons

New canons on marriage adopted in 1946, after a generation of controversy over proposals to "liberalize" or "tighten" the old laws regarding remarriage after divorce, still remain the "miracle" they were called at the time of their virtually unanimous adoption. A Commission to Report Recommendations as to Amendments to the Canons on Holy Matrimony does not recommend any changes at present, but proposes that it be continued and that it prepare for submission to the 1955 Convention such "editorial alterations" as may be needed "to correct infelicities of expression."

Intinction

Another hardy perennial controversy will probably be brought to a vote in the form of a recommendation from the Standing Liturgical Commission that the Prayer Book be revised to permit the administration of Holy Communion by intinction as an alternative to the present method of receiving each kind separately.

Historical Archives

Less controversial, but equally important matters will be dealt with by the Convention. The Church Historical Society requests that the Convention authorize it to appeal for \$100,000 for adequate care of the Church's historical archives. [See page 11.]

Anglican Congress

The Joint Committee to Arrange for the Pan-Anglican Congress reports that the worldwide meeting of bishops, clergy, and laity of the Anglican communion will be called "the Anglican Congress" (no pan) and that it will be held in Minneapolis, Minn., August 7 to 16, 1954, on the general theme, "The Call of God and the Mission of the Anglican Communion." Anticipated costs will be \$150,000, and the Committee asks General Convention to raise \$50,000 of this sum by assessment on the dioceses. The



BUNKER HILL MONUMENT Point of interest in Boston.

Congress Committee asks General Convention to appoint a Solicitations Sub-Committee to raise the additional \$100,000 needed.

Convention Organization

Far-reaching changes in the organization of the House of Deputies of General Convention are recommended by the Joint Committee to Study the Structure and Organization of General Convention. The Committee recommends that the number of deputies from each diocese be reduced to three in each order. instead of the present four. The Committee also recommends that on a vote by orders, in which each diocese has one vote for all its clergy present and one vote for all its laity present, an equally divided vote should count one-half for and one-half against the question except on amendments to the Constitution or the Prayer Book. On such amendments,

divided votes would be counted in the negative as they have been in the past.

Among numerous other recommendations of the Joint Committee, the most important are proposals for the Convention to pay the expenses of the host diocese up to \$50,000 and the travel expenses of bishops and deputies up to 5 cents a mile. The additional expense can be met, the Committee believes, by assessing the dioceses 10 cents per communicant per year (approximately \$170,-000) instead of \$8.00 a year per clergy man (approximately \$52,000). Only such portion of the \$510,000 thus authorized every three years as is actually needed will be assessed. In addition to paying the expenses of General Convention and its committees and commissions, the assessment pays the salary of the Presiding Bishop and supplements the incomes of bishops who have been compulsorily retired because of age.

One of the most significant changes proposed in the organization of the House of Deputies comes from a different Commission — The Joint Commision to Consider Giving the Women of the Church a Voice in the Legislation of

the General Convention.

The Commission recommends that women be eligible for election as lay deputies, and that the relevant passage in the Constitution be amended to read! "Lay Deputies, men or women." A minority disassociates itself from the reporbut agrees to present the resolution appended "since they believe it clearly states the question on which General Convention must make its decision."

Social Action

Ten resolutions on social and political subjects will be presented to the Convention by the Joint Commission on Social Reconstruction [see p. 10].

Name of Church

In addition to its report on intinction the Standing Liturgical Commission will present recommendations on a number of significant topics [see article by Bishop Oldham, p. 17]. The Commission indicates that proposals to change the name of the Church to "the Episcopa Church" do not fall within its field viewing this problem as a constitutional rather than liturgical matter.

About the Canons

A Joint Committee on the Constitution and Canons, ""to receive, collate, and originate recommendations with respecthereto," is proposed by the Committee on Structure and Organization.

TUNING IN: Resolutions come before General Convention in various ways. Any individual bishop or deputy may introduce a resolution on any subject; commissions and committees appointed by the last Convention report their recommendations;

and dioceses, parishes, and official and unofficial Church groups may address memorials and petitions to the Convention. ¶An other Committee on the Canons, to work for unity of interpretation, is proposed by a Pennsylvania deputy (see p. 5).

llergy Pensions

All proposals for radical changes in he clergy pension system of the Church re advised against by a Joint Commission on Clergy Pension Plans and clerical Salaries. Pointing out that there is nothing wrong with pensions that deent salaries would not cure, the Commission says that inclusion of the clergy nder social security would bring temorary gain but ultimate loss. However, toos not recommend that the Church peak against a permissive inclusion of ministers in the federal social security rogram because many other Churches to not have a pension system as satisactory as the Church Pension Fund.

Theological Education

A series of eight important conclusions s arrived at by the Joint Commission on Theological Education in its triennial eport. In resolutions presented for doption, the Commission asks Church to endorse promotional efforts or the seminaries, especially for the Church Divinity School of the Pacific and the Seminary of the Southwest in Texas; to call upon every parish to observe Theological Education Sunday; to ask dioceses and parishes to provide scholarship funds for their theological students; and to provide the Commission with a budget of \$15,000 for the three years so that it may make continued surveys of the problems of clergy shortage, serve as a continuing agency to stimulate interest in the seminaries, and cope with its correspondence load.

Other Problems

Among other subjects to be dealt with by General Convention are reports on Church architecture; ecumenical relations; Forward Movement publications; the General Theological Seminary; Church Music; Aid to the Orthodox Church; and many other subjects. One missionary district - New Mexico and Southwest Texas — awaits admission as a diocese. Another missionary district— Spokane — awaits the election of a successor to Bishop Cross, who has retired but is temporarily serving as Bishop in charge. All retired Bishops await the decision of General Convention as to whether they shall be deprived of the right to vote in the House of Bishops.

The ever-nearing date when not only bishops but priests must retire from "any remunerative parochial or administrative position in the Church" (January 1, 1957) caused Bishop Davis, President of the Church Pension Fund to propose, in an article entitled, "Clergy on the

Shelf" [L.C., June 8th], that a Commission be appointed to consider the predicament of the retired clergy and the predicament of the Church without them. The plea has been taken up by other voices since Bishop Davis's death on June 6th, and will probably be brought before General Convention.

The election of a Bishop for the Armed Forces, serving as a suffragan to the Presiding Bishop, has advocates among service personnel, although it has not received official support from Church

headquarters.



Boston Chamber of Commerce
OLD NORTH (CHRIST) CHURCH
One of oldest Boston churches.

MINISTRY

Hiring, Firing, but No Fitting

Two problems of the relationship between rectors and parishes will come to the attention of General Convention, according to preliminary indications. One concerns the steps to be taken in a dissolution of the pastoral relation — i.e., removal of a rector from a parish. The other concerns the procedures to be followed in calling a new rector.

There is a Joint Commission on Clergy Placement, appointed by the 1949 General Convention, but since the Convention failed to provide it with an appropriation for expenses it has not met during the triennium. Its field of study was intended to be the question of finding the right man for the right place and the right place for the right man. Proposals now under consideration view the

matter from a somewhat different standpoint: the question whether Church law should give the bishop power to veto the vestry's choice of a man.

Under present canon law, the bishop must be satisfied that the priest chosen as rector of a parish is a "duly qualified Minister" before his election by the vestry is final. In some dioceses this phrase is interpreted to mean that the bishop has an absolute power to veto any choice he considers unwise. In others, it is interpreted more narrowly to mean only that the priest in question must be tech-

nically in good standing.

A practical case of the problem is that of the Rev. William H. Melish, who has been called as rector by Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., but has not been approved by the bishop. Mr. Melish's father, the Rev. Dr. John Howard Melish, was removed as rector of that church by the bishop in 1949 because the then vestry objected to his son's activities in pro-Communist organizations as disruptive to the parish. Dr. Melish refused to discharge his son as his assistant, and the vestry petitioned the bishop for relief. The bishop granted the petition, and his decision was upheld by the secular courts.

While the case was pending before the bishop, Dr. Melish as rector could decide who were and were not parishioners qualified to vote for new members of the vestry. In a comparatively short time, a new vestry was elected which upheld the position of the Melishes, father and son, and the parish had become united in the same point of view.

Since Dr. Melish's removal, his son has served as supply priest in the parish. The bishop has made his canonical visitation, and technically no controversy exists, except that the bishop and the vestry have not found a mutually satisfactory

A revised canon on the filling of vacant cures is being proposed to General Convention by the diocese of Massachusetts. Introduced in the convention of that diocese by leaders of both the Anglo-Catholic and the Liberal Evangelical schools of thought, the proposed canon would limit the bishop's veto to "one whom the ecclesiastical authority could refuse to receive under Canon 45, Section 5 (d), if he presented letters dimissory from another diocese."

The grounds of refusal referred to

"Unless the Bishop or Standing Committee shall have heard rumors, which he or they believe to be well founded, against the character of the Minister concerned, which would form a proper ground of

TUNING IN: ¶Dioceses differ from missionary districts in that they are self supporting (except, in some cases, for special projects within diocesan borders supported by the National Council), they elect their own bishop, their borders cannot be changed without their consent, and they have larger representation in General Convention. ¶Letters dimissory are communications releasing a clergyman from connection with one diocese and testifying to his fitness for service in another.

canonical inquiry and presentment, in which case the Ecclesiastical Authority shall communicate the same to the Bishop or Standing Committee of the diocese to whose jurisdiction the said minister belongs; and in such case it shall not be the duty of the ecclesiastical authority to accept the Letters Dimissory unless and until the Minister shall be exculpated from the said charge.'

The wording of this subsection was relevant some years ago in the case of the Rev. Camille Estornelle, whose Letters Dimissory from the diocese of New Jersey to the diocese of Mississippi were delayed, preventing his becoming rector of Holy Trinity Church, Vicksburg. No actual grounds existed for refusal of the letters, but there were enough "rumors" for the Bishop of Mississippi to refuse to accept Fr. Estornelle and not enough for the Bishop of New Jersey to proceed to a trial and "exculpation." After seven years of controversy, Fr. Estornelle left the ministry and was voluntarily deposed "for causes not affecting his moral character."

The Churchman, a semi-monthly Church magazine, in its issue of September 1st, publishes an open letter calling on Churchpeople to support the recommendation of the Massachusetts diocesan convention. The editorial is also being widely distributed as a reprint. The Witness, a Church weekly, is also distributing a reprint bearing on the question, in the form of an article by the Rt. Rev. Edward L. Parsons, retired Bishop of California. THE LIVING CHURCH, in an editorial of May 25th, commented: "The proposal to place a narrow interpretation upon 'duly qualified Minister' may be sound in principle, but it needs to rest upon a less flimsy foundation than Canon 45, Section 5 (d)," and recommended that a Commission be appointed to draw up a more adequate canon for presentation to the General Convention of 1955.

Another proposed change in the canons coming from the diocese of Massachusetts and closely related to the Melish case would state explicitly that the body in the parish authorized to call a new rector is the body authorized to apply to the bishop for dissolution of the pastoral relation. The present canon is unclear in this particular. The diocese also recommends that a clause permitting dioceses to have their own canons on the subject be dropped.

From other sources, it is being proposed that the canon on dissolution be changed to give the congregation the right to express its opinion on the issue between rector and vestry, but this change is not included in the Massachusetts proposal.

Thus, General Convention will have a number of proposals before it on the respective powers of bishop and vestry in calling a rector and getting rid of one, but will apparently not take up directly the problem of the Commission on Clergy Placement - fitting the right man to the right place.

The Cover



The Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Geoffrey Francis Fisher (third from left), and his wife (left), are welcomed to the United States by Presiding Bishop Sherrill and Mrs. Sherrill.

RELIGIOUS ORDERS

To Spread Knowledge

The religious communities of the Conference on the Religious Life in the Anglican Communion in the United States of America and Canada, with a committee of their associates, will have a booth at Horticultural Hall in Boston during General Convention, Exhibits of their work will be shown daily.

The purpose of the booth is first to spread knowledge of the religious life, and second to promote fellowship among those living under a rule sponsored by a religious community.

The exhibit will consist of:

(1) Photographs of religious in action, especially emphasizing the missionary work of the orders.

(2) Brochures for free distribution descriptive of the life and work of each

(3) Kodachrome pictures and slides taken in many of the convents throughout

the country.

(4) A world map painted by artist Allan Crite, indicating the centers of missionary activity of the communities.

The plans of the associates' committee include a Mass to be celebrated at the Church of St. John the Evangelist, on Saturday, September 13th, at 7:30 AM; and a breakfast in the parish house of the Church, under the auspices of the Sisters of the Order of St. Anne.

OPENING EVENTS

Public Invited

The opening service of General Convention, to be held in the evening on Sunday, September 7th, in the Boston Garden, Boston, will be open to the public. Participating in the opening procession will be bishops, deputies, National Council members, distinguished visiting clergy and, for the first time, Woman's Auxiliary delegates. The offering at the service will be given to the Presiding Bishop's Fund for World Relief. The opening service is the first event on the official General Convention program.

PUBLIC AFFAIRS

Political and Social Problems

Resolutions on public affairs aggregating some 2500 words will be presented by the Joint Commission on Social Reconstruction to General Convention. The Commission, of which Bishop Scarlett, diocesan of Missouri, is chairman, will ask the Church:

(1) To pledge support to the United Nations as "with all its faults and shortcomings . . . the best hope of mankind today" and "hoping for its future development into a world federation open

to all peoples."

(2) To denounce the idea of a "pre-

ventive war.' (3) To declare that "no Christian

has a right to ignore" the "world problem of desperate need in all underdeveloped territories," and to "promote and support every practicable effort" to build up such areas.

(4) To oppose measures "calculated to heighten trade barriers . . . among the free peoples of the earth."

(5) To urge Congress to enact temporary immigration provisions for homeless and uprooted people, and permanent

TUNING IN: Ecclesiastical authority of a diocese is the bishop, when present and able to act; in his absence or illness, he may turn over authority to a bishop coadjutor or suffragan, or to the standing committee, consisting of priests and (in most

dioceses) laymen. Standing committee, when ecclesiastical authority, can do most of the things a bishop can, but not confirm or ordain. When bishop is present, standing committee still has an important role in Church discipline.

legislation "based upon more generous quotas than now exist and free from all discriminatory provisions."

(6) To endorse "the present efforts of the U.N. Disarmament Commission to achieve a balanced reduction of . . . armaments."

(7) To work for "rigorous Christian dealing with the people of Japan," and particularly, to resist heightened tariffs and trade barriers "calculated to reduce the sale in the United States of Japanese goods."

(8) To urge upon the U.S. government "a constructive and liberal Asian policy based upon winning the friendship and understanding of Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and all the peoples of Asia . . . being convinced that in the great human brotherhood Asia is of equal importance with Europe and the Amer-

(9) To "oppose and combat racial and color discrimination in every form, both within the Church and without, in this country and internationally.'

(10) In the field of human rights, (a) to encourage U.S. participation in U.N. action for "the observance of human rights and fundamental freedoms . . without distinction as to race, sex, language, or religion;" and (b) to "use every means to overcome long-standing discriminatory practices in our own land."

These ten resolutions, with accompanying whereases, will probably be referred to the Convention's Joint Committee on National and International Affairs together with resolutions proposed by other Church groups and individual deputies on kindred topics. It is the Committee's task to scrutinize them and report them to each House separately for a vote.

In addition to preparing these resolutions, the Joint Commission on Social Reconstruction has been engaged in a number of significant activities during the past three years. A subcommittee under the chairmanship of Bishop Tucker of Ohio (now retired) arranged for two seminars of clergy and leaders in industrial management, held in Cleveland with representatives coming from six

A subcommittee on tracts published a pamphlet by Dr. Lester B. Granger, executive secretary of the Urban League and a member of the Episcopal Church, on "The Church and its Relation to our American Citizens of Negro Descent."

The Commission also wrote to all the clergy of the Church, urging them to support the Point Four Program of technical and financial assistance to underdeveloped areas "in sermons and in study groups."

The Commission will ask General Convention to continue it for another three years and to provide it with \$5,000 for its expenses.

CHURCHMANSHIP

Militant Minority

General Convention issues in which an element of Churchmanship may be found are discussed by the Protestant Episcopal Standard, a joint publication of the Evangelical Education Society and the Episcopal Evangelical Fellow-

Unsigned articles in the September, 1952, General Convention issue of the magazine warn that a "militant and organized minority" may:

(1) "Try once more to change the Church's name in order to remove the word Protestant.

(2) "Seek to delete the 39 Articles from the Constitution and the Book of Common Prayer.
(3) "Move to invoke authority of early

English Canon Law.

(4) "Try to disassociate the Protestant Episcopal Church from other Protestant bodies in the National Council of Churches.

(5) "Want to change the canons so that diocesan authorities could more easily

control the churchmanship of a parish.
(6) "Profess a desire for unity with other Christian bodies and stymie efforts to achieve it."

Indicating its disapproval of all these points, the Liberal Evangelical organ expresses its approval of four other proposals:

(1) Giving women the right to serve as deputies to General Convention.

(2) Adopting proposals to reduce the number of deputies in each order from each diocese from four to three; to assess the expenses of the host diocese and the travel expenses of deputies against the Church in general; and to count divided votes in a vote by orders (in which each diocese has one vote) as ½ for and ½ against, instead of counting them in the

(3) Approving Communion by intinction and disapproving Communion in one kind.

(4) Changing the canons to construe narrowly a bishop's power to veto a vestry's choice of a rector.

In another article, the Protestant Episcopal Standard says that "steps leading toward intercommunion" between the Episcopal Church and the Methodists are proposed, and that "another important proposal is that we enter into limited intercommunion with the Church of South India," commenting that these are "two opportunities (for the Episcopal Church) to implement its oft expressed desire to achieve reunion with other Christian bodies.

HISTORY

The Time is Now

Like the 21-year-old pirate in the Gilbert and Sullivan opera who had barely passed his fifth birthday (he was born on February 29th) the Church Historical Society is considerably older than the "fourth" on its report to the General Convention of 1952 would indicate. Established in 1910, the society became an official agency of General Convention in 1940, and has made triennial reports since then.

A fund of \$100,000 is needed, the Society reports, to provide permanent quarters for the historical records in its care, including the archives of General Convention and of the National Council. The Convention is asked to adopt a resolution authorizing the society to

appeal for this sum.

Demands for the society's services have steadily increased during the past three years. These include answering inquiries for historical and biographical data, accommodating visitors to the historical library in Philadelphia, supplying of photostats of documents, and lending books.

The Society quotes from an editorial in The Living Church of April 27, 1952, which it has reprinted and sent to members of General Convention:

"We met with an appalling sight. Here were the official archives of General Convention and of the National Council, together with valuable collections of books, periodicals, and papers of the Church Historical Society, so packed in that they filled every available cranny, including the wash room. Not only does this over-crowding present a fire hazard, but it makes priceless documents inaccessible and subject to deterioration and the risk of loss. Among them are books and papers belonging to Bishop Seabury, the first American bishop, and other relics of historic value.

"If the Church does not make proper provision for the preservation of its vital records, it is likely to find someday that they have been lost, through fire, flood, or other contingency. Then it would be too late to take action. The time to do

so is right now.'

Some 522 volumes and a number of manuscript collections have been added to the Library during the past three years, the society reports.

TUNING IN: ¶Thirty-nine Articles (printed at the back of the Prayer Book) represent a conscious effort of the Church of England to state Catholic doctrine in Lutheran and Calvinistic language, as an effort to keep in the fold those who objected

to Anglicanism's "popish" leanings. Though a few articles represent dead issues (e.g., predestination), they stand as a majestic testimony to the skill of the Anglican temper in appropriating the new without being false to the old.

STATISTICS

Episcopal Church Ranks Seventh

The Episcopal Church ranks seventh among Churches in continental United States having over one million members.

New statistics for 1951, just made public by the National Council of Churches, reveal that religion, as it has during the past decade, continues to outstrip the nation's growth in population.

The Episcopal Church has exceeded the overall rate of increase. The NCC lists the Episcopal Church as having 2,417,464 members. The Living CHURCH ANNUAL for 1952 lists 2,478,-813 members in the United States, but the figures agree when U. S. territories are deducted. I

THE ANNUAL notes that the total makes a 4.05% increase over the previous year, more than twice as great as the increase of 2%, which the NCC reports for all Churches over the previous year, and way ahead of the population increase of 1.7%.

NCC says that all Churches had a

total membership of 88,673,005 at the end of 1951, an increase of 1,842,515 over the previous year. Church membership grew 22,000,000 during the 1940's and only 5,000,000 during the 1930's.

Says Dr. Benson Y. Landis, NCC official, "Church membership has increased throughout the nation's history and during the past 100 years has been steadily upward but never so rapidly as since 1940. During the past 11 years the annual gain has been about 2%.

Dr. Landis is editor of the Yearbook of American Churches, published by the NCC annually. The 1951 statistics, gathered from official Church statisticians, will appear in a new issue of the annual Yearbook on September 15.

Other statistics for the 252 religious bodies in the continental United States also reflect the revival of religious interest among Americans. The number of local churches rose from 281,511 to 284,592 and church clergy from 166,891 to 181,123, between 1950 and 1951. In the Episcopal Church, according to THE ANNUAL, the number of parishes and missions increased by 67 to 7851; and the number of clergy increased from 6654 to 6805.

Numerically, Protestants (with which the NCC includes the Episcopal Church) constitute the largest religious group with 52,000,000, nearly twice that of the Roman Catholics, who number 29,000,000.

Judaism is third, with 5,000,000;

Eastern Orthodox fourth, with 1,858,-000; Old Catholic and Polish National Catholic fifth, with 337,000; and Buddhism sixth, with 73,000.

Among all non-Roman Churches, the Methodist Church is first with 9,065,-727; the Southern Baptist Convention, second, with 7,373,498; Jewish congregations, third, 5,000,000; and the National Baptist Convention, U.S.A., Inc., fourth, with 4,467,779.

Others in the first ten are, in order, the National Baptist Convention of America, 2,645,789; the Episcopal Church, 2,417,464; Presbyterian U.S.A., 2,364,112; United Lutheran Church in America, 1,925,506; and International Convention of the Disciples of Christ, 1,792,985.

COMMUNISM

Tactics

The State Department has recently released a study of tactics by which Communist governments are working at stamping out religion, the Associated Press reports.

Says the AP, "The report . . . asserts that the ultimate aim of Communist policy toward religion 'is its extinction.' "

Two of the first steps are stopping the religious education of young people and instead reorganizing youth organizations into "federations which wage a crusade against religion," and making the Churches subservient to the Communist State.

ARMED FORCES

34 Confirmed at Great Lakes

On July 17th, 1952, Bishop Hallock, coadjutor of Milwaukee, confirmed a group of 34 sailors stationed at the Great Lakes Naval Training Center in Illi-

The presenting clergyman was Chaplain Matthew A. Curry, Lieutenant Commander, U. S. Navy.

Seventeen dioceses of the Church were represented in the Confirmation: Albany, Erie, Fond du Lac, Harrisburg, Kansas, Michigan, Milwaukee, Minnesota, Missouri, New York, Newark, Ohio, Pittsburgh, Rochester, Southern Ohio, Western New York, and Western North

Carolina. For over a year Chaplain Curry has prepared classes for confirmation of comparable size once a quarter. In 1951, 208 men were confirmed in the Episcopal

ENGLAND Trip to Russia

The Rev. Marcus James, Ph.D., Overseas Secretary of the Student Christian Movement of Great Britain and Ireland, and associate chaplain in the University of London, has recently returned to England after a month's visit to the Soviet Union. Dr. James went as the personal representative of the chancellor of St. Paul's Cathedral, Canon John Collins, on a mission to study the religious situation there.

While in the Soviet Union, Dr. James was the guest of the Soviet government, and was received by the Patriarch Nicolai, Metropolitan of Moscow. He attended services in Moscow's Cathedral of the Epiphany, and visited the theological academy at Zagorsk, as well as

three monasteries.

Dr. James was received by several members of the Soviet government, including officials of the State Council on Church Affairs, and the ministers of Health and Education. At the end of a visit, during which he traveled more than 7,000 miles within the country, he said that the four aspects of Soviet life which impressed him most were:

(1) The spiritual vigor and steadfastness of Russian Christians in an avowedly materialistic State.

(2) The amazing degree of interracial harmony and cooperation existing in a land of more than 150 racial, national, and linguistic groups.

(3) The intensity of the government's peace propaganda within the Soviet Union.

(4) The rapidity and extent of post-war reconstruction, and the gigantic scale of engineering and technological projects which are already in progress.

INDIA

Religious Orders in CSI

An order for men may be set up soon by the Church of South India. An order for women was begun in June and has 27 members and eight probationers.

It is believed likely that any order of men created will be patterned after Anglican Orders such as the Cowley Fathers.

Some elements in the South Indian Church, including evangelicals, look upon men's and women's orders as excellent agencies for work among non-Christian Indians who, by tradition, are accustomed to receiving religious teaching from celibate, unpaid mendicants.

TUNING IN: ||Episcopal Church counts Alaska, Honolulu, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Panama Canal Zone in its figures for USA. National Council describes these districts as "extracontinental" and districts outside the US and possessions as

Church.

"overseas." [Church of South India came into being a few years ago from a union of several religious bodies. Anglican Bishops in Lambeth Conference decided these dioceses did not belong at present to the Anglican communion.

The Unity Question

at General Convention

TO a member of the Joint Commission on Approaches to Unity who has had the privilege during he past few years of meeting with repesentatives of the Methodist Church, he current discussions in the church ress and in secular journals cannot be ther than disturbing. It is not only a natter of misunderstanding, suspicion, listorted reports, and pre-judgment of sues which is alarming. Some difficulies along these lines can always be tree more inclined to error than to truth, o animosity rather than charity.

The danger is the likelihood either hat the discussions at General Convention next month will not be about the real questions, or that there will be no liscussion because we all shall have taken a stand long before then. In the latter case we shall argue to win a verdict and not be much interested in the truth of

he situation.

The real question, the true question, which is to be brought before us involves a profound theological issue. It comprehends what we think about the Church, its unity, and how unity is realizable. It has nothing directly to do with the Methodists, Presbyterians, or any other specific group of Christians. It comes up during this time of our discussions with the Methodists by a sort of historical accident or perhaps by Providence. It could have appeared 25 years ago or could appear 50 years hence.

"Lo HERE" AND "LO THERE"

The point of the question is not too subtle, but because the answer is difficult and a theological one, it must be stated as carefully and as simply as possible. Let us begin with the question of the unity of the Church. Where is it? A large section of Christendom answers confidently, "Lo here!" "We have it because the Vicar of Christ on earth is the single constitutive element in the historical Church. Come and make your submission." It is an impressive claim

By the Very Rev. Alden Drew Kelley

Dean, Seabury-Western Theological Seminary, and Member of Unity Commission

and, apparently, to many persuasive. This is one view. It is not unrelated to the easy identification of the Church and the Kingdom of God found gen-

erally in Roman theology.

A second position, seemingly at the opposite pole but actually very near, is that of humanistic Protestantism. It is believed that man can achieve the unity of the Church given good-will and sufficient administrative and judicial intelligence. It also says, "Lo here!" Church unity is a matter of constitutional arrangement.

In this country, perhaps pretty much throughout the western world, this is assumed to be the wave of the future as far as Church unity is concerned. It underlies the whole merger idea and is



represented by the Congregational-Christian achievement, by the Methodist Church, by the Church of South India, by previous schemes offered for the consideration of Episcopalians and Presbyterians, and by the discussions now going on by those bodies represented in the Church Reunion Conference (Greenwich and Cincinnati).

Basically, the error of the viewpoint that unity is a matter of organization

and structure arises from the conviction that the Kingdom of God is realizable in history by man's effort and from the tendency to equate western democratic social and political forms with the Kingdom

The third position says not, "Lo here!" but "Lo there!" and points to some far-off eschatological event or to a present invisible, supra-historical, or meta-historical reality. The idea is that the unity of the Church is incapable of historical or institutional expression and thus is irrelevant to our immediate concerns. The Church has never been one and never in time will be. It can be seen readily that lying behind such a view is the classical Protestant doctrine that there is no connection between the Kingdom and the Church or the world.

Focus of Unity

Doesn't Anglicanism have a contribution to make to the total ecumenical discussion at this point? Our refusal, when true to our own position, to identify Kingdom and Church or Kingdom and world, on the one hand, and to assert an absolute and unbridgeable chasm on the other hand are of utmost significance for this discussion. In effect we declare that the unity of the Church is real and realizable but not historically actualized.

Because it would require more time and space than is immediately available to offer a proper historical and theological exposition of the Anglican doctrine of the Church, it can be briefly and flatly stated: the Church is established and maintained by Word and Sacrament, which is to say that it is through worship, common liturgical life, that God unites us. This is most vividly

(Continued on page 25)

TUNING IN: ¶Because the young Anglican, John Wesley, and his companions at Oxford University, practiced their religion according to a rule or method, they were given the nickname, Methodists, by which their followers are today known. ¶Eschat-

ology (Greek, "eschatos," "last") is the doctrine of the last things—the winding up of history and the ushering in of the eternal order, commonly known as the end of the world. An eschatological event is therefore one that looks beyond history.

13

Lambeth On Intercommunion

7HAT will the 1952 General Convention do about Church unity? The best guess is that it will not do very much that is obvious to the world as a whole. The Commission on Approaches to Unity has been considering relationships with several Churches — especially with the Methodists — but the only action it requests of the Convention is that it be continued and permitted to continue its discussions with other Churches.

Nevertheless, the unity question continues to be an important one for the Church, and even though no concrete action is likely to be taken, principles and lines of approach are continuing to be worked out.

A crisis in this field was arrived at in 1946 when the Philadelphia General Convention refused to approve even for discussion a "Proposed Basis of Union" with the Presbyterian Church in the USA. The Convention gave a new direction to the work of the Commission in a resolution substituting "intercommunion," eventually to be followed by "organic federation," as the goal, rather than "organic union."

A few months after this action of General Convention, the Archbishop of Canterbury in a sermon at St. Mary's Church, Cambridge, England, gave expression to a similar idea, when he said:

"The door is not yet open, we are not yet ready for organic or constitutional union. But there can be a process of assimilation, of growing alike. What we need is, that while the folds [Churches] remain distinct, there should be a movement toward a free and unfettered exchange of life in worship and sacrament between them as there is already of prayer and thought and Christian fellowship - in short, that they should grow toward that full communion with one another, which already in their separation they have with Christ.'

The Archbishop went on to say:

"In putting forward this suggestion, I am presupposing that between the Churches which concerned themselves with it there would be found to be agreement upon the essential principles of the Church, the Scriptures, the creeds, the Sacraments, and of the ministry itself as 'a gift of God through Christ to His Church, essential to its being and well being, perpetually authorized and made effective through Christ and His Spirit' [a quotation from the report of the World Conference on Faith and Order, Lausanne, 1927]."

The Archbishop proposed, on the basis of such agreement, an exchange of ministries between the Church of England and non-episcopal Churches, noting that "there are requirements and functions which Catholic tradition attaches to the office of a bishop in the Church of God, which, if our aim is assimilation and full communion, must be safeguarded."

These proposals were before the Lambeth Conference when it met in 1948; but they did not seem to meet with an enthusiastic reception from the Conference. In Resolution No. 56, the Conferen "The integral connexion between the warned: Church and the ministry should be safeguarded in a proposals for the achievement of intercommunic through the creation of a mutually recognized mi istry.'

This statement was condensed from a committ

report which went on to say:

"There is a danger that efforts to solve the problem the ministry in detachment from the problem of the Chur may lead to administrative and disciplinary confusion as w as theological ambiguities. The ministry is, in our view, organ of Christ in His Body and can only function health in the Body. None of us hold that tactual succession and co rect formulae of ordination can guarantee a true and effe tual episcopate or presbyterate apart from the faith and co porate life in which they are set."

Accordingly, while the Lambeth Conference d not completely reject the idea of "intercommunic before union," it warned that a unification of mi istries should not be attempted before the tw Churches concerned were in close accord on "fai and corporate life."

WHAT the Lambeth Report refers to as "t problem of the Church" is being discussed the World Conference on Faith and Order at Lun Sweden. It is also discussed in this issue of THE LI ING CHURCH by Dean Kelley of Seabury-Wester Theological Seminary in an article entitled "Theological Seminary in an article entitled "Theological Seminary" in a seminary in Unity Question at General Convention" (see p. 13

As Dean Kelley points out, it would take a goo deal of space to present "a proper historical ar theological exposition of the Anglican doctrine the Church," and even more to present similar exp sitions of the doctrine of the Church as taught h other Churches. Indeed, it will be found that opi ions vary widely within Churches, and even with Church movements of thought. Not even, for e ample, among Anglo-Catholics is there entire agre ment about the objective limits of the visible Church nor is there among Roman Catholics. Among Eval gelical Churchmen, similarly, there is a broad area diverging opinions.

At first glance it would seem that Lambe is requiring a larger measure of agreement between Churches than exists within Churches. Actually, the is not the case. Though it may be difficult to say e actly where the Church begins and ends among the various religious bodies, Anglican theologians hav satisfied themselves very fully as to those thing

which quarantee its presence.

The Church must, in the first place, be a par of that continuing body of men and women who

r Lord gathered together out of Israel to constite his New Israel. It must possess, believe, and ach the Old Testament and the New. It must, using e Scriptures as its guideposts, be a living part of at continuing development of Christian Faith and actice which is recorded by "ancient Authors," and proved by "lawful authority" (Prayer Book, page

An especially important part of that continuum Christian Faith and practice, according to Anglin theologians, is the formulation of the Church's aith by the Ecumenical Councils called the Nicene reed, which with the Apostles' Creed, is "thoroughto be received and believed" (Article VIII of the

hirty-nine Articles).

It must minister the Sacraments of Baptism and loly Communion to its members in such wise as to ake sure that it is doing what the Church has ways done, and what Christ intended it to do, in ne administration of these Sacraments.

It must maintain the three-fold ministry of bishps, priests, and deacons, by "episcopal consecration

r ordination."

The four "notes" of the Church mentioned in ne Creeds must also characterize that which Anglianism guarantees to be the Church. In the words of he Offices of Instruction (Prayer Book, page 291):

"The Church is

"One; because it is one Body under one Head;

"Holy; because the Holy Spirit dwells in it and sanctifies

"Catholic; because it is universal, holding earnestly the aith for all time, in all countries, and for all people; and is ent to preach the Gospel to the whole world;

"Apostolic; because it continues steadfastly in the Apos-

les' teaching and fellowship."

T is one thing for theologians to be satisfied as to the things that guarantee the Church's presence nd ability to function as Christ intended it to; it is omething else to pass judgment upon another Chrisian Body, whether Methodists or Presbyterians or Quakers or Congregationalists or Roman Catholics, nd to say, "this body (for one reason or another) s outside the Church." Anglicanism speaks freely nd clearly about the former; about the latter, it is

low to speak.

The Lambeth Conference of 1948, if we undertand its resolution correctly, warns those who are vorking on the unity problem, including the Comnission of General Convention and the Archbishop of Canterbury himself, that an interchange of minstries and intercommunion should be attempted only under conditions which meet the former set of standards — guaranteeing that the result will be a Church possessing the fulness of unity, holiness, catholicity, and apostolicity; a Church that accords their characteristic place in the Church's life to the threefold ninistry, the Bible, the sacraments, and the creeds; Church that teaches that general body of doctrine

and practice which it has found over almost 20 centuries of experience to be consonant with the Scrip-

tures and the guidance of the Holy Spirit.

Dean Kelley suggests that all these things are added unto the Church through its liturgical experience — through its worship. This statement is threequarters true — even 100% true in the broadest concept of what the Church does in its worship. But it is equally true that the worship of the Church springs out of its Faith and that right worship is the result of right Faith. The whole Christian is a liturgical Christian. But he is also a preaching Christian with an articulate Faith. Further, he is a historical Christian, baptized into a Holy Fellowship that existed according to a definite pattern long before he became a part of it. The Liturgy is not the Liturgy without both the Faith and the Holy Fellowship behind it.

"There is one body, and one Spirit, even as ye are called in one hope of your calling; one Lord, one Faith, one baptism, one God and Father of all, who is above all, and in you all" - and while each of these "ones" of the Epistle to the Ephesians is a fundamental of the Church's worship, faith, and mission, none of them stands alone as the sufficient guar-

antee of the fulness of the Church's life.

Hence, to come to the answer to Dean Kelley's final question: We agree that the right road to union is the road of intercommunion, rather than the road of constitutional merger; but we agree with Lambeth that the road of intercommunion is not a short one, and that a Church with which intercommunion is sought must be one to which the vast majority of Anglicans could belong without the slightest hesita-

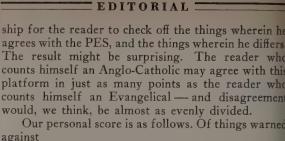
tion or scruple.

We do not think that an overwhelming majority of present day members of the Episcopal Church could become Methodists as of today without scruple; nor do we think that the break in continuity of the episcopate is the only significant difference between the two Churches. Accordingly, we do not believe that the time is ripe for immediate steps toward intercommunion between them. In an earlier editorial, we referred to a difference in "theological center of gravity." While this is not a technical theological term, we believe that it expresses the actual situation facing the two Churches, and that it will take many years of discussion, prayer, and wholehearted seeking of God's will to surmount this barrier to intercommunion.

What's Your Churchmanship Score?

FOLLOWING our policy of reporting the news of all schools of thought in the Church, we report in our General Convention news section the Convention platform of the Protestant Episcopal Standard, Liberal-Evangelical organ, including the things it opposes and the things it is for. [See page 11.]

It might be a worthwhile exercise in Churchman-



(1) We think the Church would be wise to delete "Protestant" from its name, but would oppose this step if it was interpreted to mean that this Church was turning its back on the gains of the Reformation

(2) We oppose any diminution of the authority of the Thirty-nine Articles. We wish that all the

clergy knew them by heart.

(3) We are against adopting any canons by title - even the ancient English Canon law.

(4) We favor continued participation by the Episcopal Church in the National Council of Churches.

(5) We oppose any change in the canons on rec tors and vestries until the matter has been studied by a Commission long enough to forget about Church manship and remember about more important mat ters, such as the priest's ability to do the job.

(6) We think it both wise and Christian to profess a desire for unity with other Christian bodies and to stymie any efforts to achieve it at the cost of the unity and integrity of the Episcopal Church and the Anglican Communion.

Of the six things opposed by the Protestant Epis copal Standard, we oppose four!

ET'S take a look at the five things the Standard Ladvocates:

(1) We favor giving women the right to serve

as deputies to General Convention. (2) We maintain an open mind on the various proposals for reorganizing the House of Deputies. except that we hope it will be a smaller house than the present oversized one when the reorganization is over.

(3) We oppose any change in the Prayer Book rubrics on administration of the Holy Communion.

(4) We oppose any change in the powers of bishops and vestries in choosing a rector until the matter has been studied.

(5) We favor the action requested by the Commission on Approaches to Unity -- namely to continue it and let it continue negotiating; but we oppose any premature commitments.

Here we can find a more consistent pattern of disagreement with the Standard, but we suspect that many Evangelical Churchmen will vote with us on points 3, 4, and 5, and many anti-feminists of all schools of Churchmanship will vote against both us and the Standard on Point 1.

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Plowing the Ground

By the Rt. Rev. G. Ashton Oldham

Chairman, Standing Liturgical Commission

r the title, "Plowing the Ground,"
p Oldham characterizes the work
e Liturgical Commission and sumces both its accomplishments in the
hree years and its recommendations
eneral Convention of 1952.

NCE the last General Convention, the Standing Liturgical Commission has held three meetings with attendance, as well as many meetof its Committees, and has carried good deal of consultation by corredence. Its members are enthusiastic are working hard at their task.

he Commission is composed of varichools of thought in the Church, but ssue of churchmanship never arises. A tre and determined effort is made to behind all such controversial matters arlier sources and practices, with a to their usefulness in the present bearing in mind always that we to be governed by the principle emed in the well known phrase—"as Church hath received the same." Commission by General Convention: the change of name of the Church, intinction, and the Portuguese Prayer Book. On the first, the Commission feels that it is a constitutional rather than a liturgical matter, and therefore beyond its jurisdiction. On intinction it has issued a report [L.C., April 6th], and has brought the Portuguese Prayer Book into conformity with our own, though with some misgivings as to whether missionary districts of other races and traditions should not be permitted a somewhat larger liberty.

Inquiries from other sources have received careful consideration. With regard to the Revised Standard Version of the Bible, the Commission recommends its authorization for use as an alternative to the King James Version, for the reading of the lessons at Morning and Evening Prayer.

On the subject of lay readers, the Commission issues a report with explicit exposition of the pertinent canons and rubrics. The chief recommendations, based upon the canon which forbids a lay reader to pronounce benedictions or absolutions, are that, in Morning or Evening Prayer, the lay reader omit the absolution and put nothing in its place. The Commission also considers that, in accordance with ancient custom, a lay reader may be appointed to read the epistle at Holy Communion.

The Commission strongly recommends that the clergy possess themselves of the Book of Offices, which contains many forms of services essential in parish life and is the only duly authorized supplement to the Book of Common Prayer.

Perhaps the most important constructive work the Commission has done is its "Prayer Book Studies." These have required a lot of research and hard work. To date there have been issued: Baptism and Confirmation, The Liturgical Lectionary (dealing with the Epistles and Gospels of the Holy Communion service and bound up with Baptism and Confirmation), and The Visitation of the Sick. Other studies are in preparation. These are only studies and are not authorized for use.

Prayer Book revision itself is not in the mind of the Commission. It is simply "plowing the ground" to prepare a body of material on which the whole Church will have expressed an opinion, so that when another revision is undertaken it will truly represent the mind of the Church.



What is the Christian's Political Responsibility?

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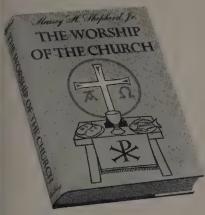
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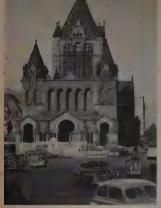


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Trinity Church
As seen today.

Boston's

Second Convention (1904)

By the Rev. Gardiner M. Day

Rector, Christ Church, Cambridge, Mass.

General Convention of 1952 will be the third that has met in Boston. This article, by Mr. Day, who is Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements of the 1952 Convention, is a sequel to his earlier one describing the first General Convention to meet in Boston, that of 1877 [L.C., January 13th].

DW great is the difference in size between the General Convention which met in Boston in 1904 and the Convention which will meet in Boston this September! The Convention in 1904 was a relatively cozy affair, consisting on the opening day of 80 bishops and 388 deputies, all of whom could hold their meetings in Emmanuel Church and be fed as a body in Copley Hall.

By contrast the Convention about to take place will need for the meeting places of the 168 bishops and 648 deputies two large public halls. Nevertheless the 1904 Convention was presented, and the 1952 Convention will be presented, with a resolution to effect the reduction of deputies per diocese from four to three. Nineteen hundred and four postponed consideration. Who knows what 1952 will do?

At the time of the 1904 Convention there were 93 bishops in the Church. During the Convention the missionary districts of Cuba and Mexico were created, and the diocese of Harrisburg was set off from the diocese of Central Pennsylvania (now Bethlehem). Deputies came from 62 dioceses and 23 missionary districts in contrast to 74 dioceses and 28 missionary districts today. In 1904 there were 804,308 communicants ministered to by 5,149 clergy, while the 1952 Living Church Annual reports for the preceding year

1,712,070 communicants ministered to by 6,805 clergy.

Similarities in the news at the time of the two conventions are unusually striking. As in 1904, the 1952 Convention meets in an election year when it is expected that the Republicans will win. (Theodore Roosevelt was a candidate in 1904.) The headlines in the papers at the time of the 1904 Convention were chiefly concerned with the questions of the Russo-Japanese War which was being fought on land around the Yalu River in Manchuria and on the sea near Port Arthur. Domestic headlines told of a serious textile strike which began in July and continued all summer.

OPENING SERVICE

The Opening Service of the Convention was held on Wednesday morning, October 5th, in Trinity Church. The Holy Communion was celebrated by the Presiding Bishop, the Rt. Rev. Daniel Sylvester Tuttle, Bishop of Missouri, assisted by the Most Rev. Randall T. Davidson, the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Rt. Rev. Charles Hamilton, Bishop of Ottawa, as well as the Rt. Rev. John Percival, Bishop of Hereford, and a number of American bishops.

The bishops vested in the chapel of Trinity Church, which stood where the parish house now stands, and then proceeded in an outdoor procession along Huntington Avenue to the main entrance to the Church. The service had been well advertised and the sidewalks and buildings around Copley Square were filled with people who had come to observe the procession of bishops. Something of the flavor of the occasion is imparted in the description which appeared in the Boston Evening Globe on that day:

"All through the great assemblage we idences of the wealth and refinement those in the throng. There were wo with costly furs about their throats, wing handsome gowns and jackets and linery, and here and there glittered on breasts of some woman a golden crossome other jewel of like religious signance.

"As the hour of 11, the time of the cession, drew near, the crowd grew ceptibly larger, but at no time did it in fere with the running of the street car Huntington Avenue. . . . On the outs of the crowd a number of carriages, I soms, and other vehicles were drawn most of them containing women.

"On one carriage the two women of pants ordered the driver from his seat calmly appropriated it to obtain a view the marching bishops from over the he of the crowds. Other women stood up the vehicles and in that way were elevated in the two persons of the about the ropes.

"During the morning a half dozen pl clothesmen from Police Headquarters v scattered about through the crowd kee a sharp look-out for pick-pockets snatch thieves who might be tempted the indications of wealth in the thron

"About 10:45 Robert Treat Paine, walked through the crowd and took uposition on the church steps where stood extending a welcome greeting the clergy who were arriving with adsion tickets for the exercises. Many clemen were unable to secure tickets to church and were seen in quite liberal not bers scattered through the crowd waiter the procession of the bishops.

for the procession of the bishops.
"The committee in charge of the chu
consisted of Dr. Robert Amory, Francii
Sears, Major E. N. Fenno, Dr. Augu
L. Thorndike, and Mr. Codman."

Then we read:

"And among the boys who served pages and assistants in the handling of

TUNING IN: ¶Randall T. Davidson: an archbishop of Canterbury and the husband of a daughter of an archbishop of Canterbury (Edith Tait, daughter of Campbell Tait, Archbishop of Canterbury 1868-1882). ¶Two churches within a few

blocks of each other dedicated to the Holy Trinity and Emmanuel ("God with us" — opening paragraph of col. 1) standing witness to the two basic dogmas of the Christian F.

- belief in the triune God and in His Incarnation.

rongs were Appleton Lawrence and an Nash."

an ecclesiastical Horatio Alger we have here. Who would have d that 48 years later one of the would be the Bishop of Massats and host to General Convennd another page, Bishop of West-Jassachusetts?

ther quaint comment reads: "Most bishops wore purple birettas, as denotes royalty, and this was cond a royal occasion in church cir-

OLD MAN ELOQUENT

e preacher at the opening service the Rt. Rev. William Crosswell e, who, according to the newss at the time, was such a distinct of the preacher that he was generally n as "the Old Man Eloquent." It particularly fitting that the processof bishops should enter Trinity that the strains of "Ancient of who sittest throned in glory," a whose words were written by Bishoane himself. Taking as his text then thy cords and strengthen thy i" (Isaiah 54:2), he declared:

Te must stretch forth the curtains of abitation and we must lengthen our. Somehow it seems to me that the which colors our teaching and conour practice is too much the opposite is; exclusion not inclusiveness is too the temper of the Church."

ter warning the Convention against error of claiming that we Anglichristians are all and only, without of excess or defect" he launched a ringing challenge to the Church alize that "Christianity is not meremainly the question of the eternal n heaven hereafter, but of the heavlife on earth now" and to remembrat the only purpose and the only of all the machinery of the Church, ding General Convention, "is to us for the work which God has a us to do, namely, that of bringmen to Christ."

ARCHBISHOP DAVIDSON

the most publicized aspect of the zention was the visits of the Archip of Canterbury, the Most Rev. dall T. Davidson. Landing in New the went by a special train proliby Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, ninent New York Churchman and puty to the Convention, for a brief to Canada. Returning to the United as he preached first at St. Mary's-ne-Sea, Northeast Harbor, Maine, we he was a guest of Bishop Doane, then visited Philadelphia, Washingand New York.

verywhere he went he was accorded receptions. In Washington he adsed an outdoor service at Mt. St.

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- 14. ST. AUGUSTINE: CITY OF GOD, VOL. 2.

We are happy to quote the Rev. Carroll E. Simcox, Ph.D., writing in this magazine—speaking of the first six volumes: "The first six volumes that have appeared in this series thus far maintain a uniformly high level of translator's skill and objective scholarship, and there has not yet appeared any reason to doubt that this project will be the best edition of the Fathers in the English language.

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Alban attended by 36,000 people and President Roosevelt gave a dinner in his honor at the White House. In New York he was given an honorary degree by Columbia University, a formal luncheon by President Nicholas Murray Butler, and a dinner by the Church Club.

In Boston he not only addressed the Convention but also preached on a Sunday morning at Trinity Church; spoke to a meeting at Harvard's Sanders Theater under the auspices of the Episcopal student club, the St. Paul's Society; addressed the students of Boston University at a special meeting in the Park Street Church; and finally was tendered a reception at Faneuil Hall, Boston, "by prominent citizens of all varieties of ecclesiastical and political opinions.'

SESSIONS

After the opening service on Wednesday, October 5th, at 3:30 in the afternoon, the House of Bishops met in the chapel of Emmanuel Church while the House of Deputies met in the church itself. The pews had been removed from the chapel so that each bishop had his own desk. In the House of Deputies the church pews were used but a platform was built covering the entire chancel, and the altar and sanctuary were cut off from view by a curtain.

The Rev. Randolph H. McKim, rector of the Church of the Epiphany, Washington, was elected president of the House, while the runner-up was the Rev. Charles L. Hutchins of Massachusetts, who had been Secretary of the Convention since it previously met in Boston in 1877. The bishops elected the Rt. Rev. William Lawrence, Bishop of the diocese of Massachusetts, as their chairman.

Issues

What were the deputies thinking about as they assembled for the Convention? What were the subjects which they expected to hear debated? Undoubtedly the subject which was discussed most by deputies en route to the Convention was the question of a possible change in the name of the Church. This was a perennial question. The 1901 Convention requested a joint committee "to take the whole subject of a change of name of this church into consideration, to ascertain, so far as possible, the mind of churchpeople in general concerning it and to make a report at the next General Convention with such suggestion as may commend themselves to their judgment.

As a result the committee had asked all the dioceses to take a vote in diocesan convention. The result was a 2 to 1 vote on the part of the clergy and 3 to 1 on the part of the laity against any change in the name of the Church. Consequently the majority of the committee recommended to the Convention that the name be not changed. Nevertheless,

a considerable discussion resulted when the matter came to a vot present name of the Protestant Epi Church in the United States of ica was retained by a slight man the clerical order but an overwhe margin in the lay order.

The second subject which must been greatly discussed as the deconvened was the question of a new riage canon. While a number of le portant changes were made in the the debate centered around the ou of remarriage of the "innocent i of a divorce "for (the cause of) tery." After four days of strenuo bate — the debate of the convent those who believed no remarriage divorce should be allowed were de and a canon defining the condition der which the "innocent party" be married in the Church was a It is interesting that no change canon on matrimony had been since a similar strenuous debate place at the General Convention in ton in 1877.

A third subject, which consume siderable time in the Convention w question whether the revised vers the Bible should be authorized for in the Church. After many speeches made calling attention to the bea language of the King James Version other speeches made in behalf more accurate revised version, the was dropped and, apart from the ginal readings adopted by the 1901 vention for the King James text remained the only version authorize the Church until 1910 when the R Version was made optional - "eit its English or its American form."

A proposal which evoked muc cussion both before and during the vention and was finally passed pro that a bishop could take under his



EMMANUEL CHURCH With chapel at left.

a congregation of people not yet mmunion with the Episcopal h and issue for their use other of worship than those prescribed Prayer Book.

r much debate a new canon was creating courts of review for the f a presbyter or deacon. In order these courts areas of jurisdiction urch was divided into seven judiepartments. It was out of these ns that our present Provincial sys-

eveloped.

ile it was little heralded at the nd was little debated in the Conn, perhaps the most important acf the entire 1904 Convention was ssage of a new canon entitled "Of lomestic and Foreign Missionary y." Up to 1904, the Board of Misor governing body of the society een composed of the bishops of the hand the deputies to General Connas well as members of a board of ters of some 45 persons. This had to be a very cumbersome arrange-

nce in the new canon the governof the Domestic and Foreign Misy Society of the Church was end to a board of missions consisting bishops, 15 presbyters, and 15 lay-elected by General Convention with residing Bishop as ex-officio memnd president of the board. This was portant step forward in that it did with an almost unworkable system vor of an executive board which, large, was small enough to be able nction effectively in the guidance of issionary work of the Church. This determined and guided the policies Church on the mission field until National Council came into being

NEGATIVE OR MISSIONARY

the editor of the Church Militant, eriodical of the diocese of Massatts, in his leading editorial in Noter 1904, noted that the remark had made that the Convention was by a negative Convention. It had against changing the name of the ch, against the passage of a drastic that would allow no remarriage divorce, against the adoption of version of the English Bible as the card one, against passing a resolucondemning lynching, as well as st many other things.

wertheless, while in its legislative ns the Convention voted against a many proposals, as the editor of *Militant* also remarked, "to consider negative Convention was to take a ficial view of the whole Convention in this judgment he has certainly proved to be correct, for actually convention gave tremendous impetus e missionary work of the Church te strong ecumenical and missionary

— AN INVITATION —

T GIVES us great pleasure to announce that Bishop Yashiro, Presiding Bishop of the Holy Catholic Church in Japan, will address The Living Church Dinner at General Convention on the subject, "The Three Worst Problems of the Japanese Church." The subject, selected by us, carries out our long-established custom of bringing Church news-in-the-making to our correspondents and friends at this triennial family gathering.

All Churchpeople—up to the limit of 250 imposed by the size of the crypt of St. Paul's Cathedral—are invited to attend The Living Church Dinner. Correspondents of The Living Church are admitted free. The price for others is \$2.50, which is not bad for a roast beef dinner!

The date is Saturday, September 13th; the place, as noted above, the crypt of St. Paul's Cathedral. Tickets may be obtained from The Living Church office until Wednesday, September 3rd, and thereafter at the Convention ticket bureau.

Readers of The Living Church who have heard or met Bishop Yashiro know not only of his courageous wartime witness for the Church's Faith but of his power as a speaker. One of his great contributions to the making of the peace was his postwar speaking tour of Australia at a time when wartime passions were not yet entirely cooled. We deem it a privilege to have this great Christian with us at our triennial family dinner.

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THE ASCENT OF MOUNT SION

by BERNARDINO de LAREDO

Translated with Introduction and Notes by

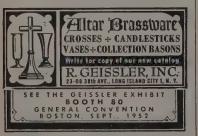
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emphasis of the sermon at the opening service by Bishop Doane was only a prelude to the announcement the following day that the United Thank Offering of the women of the church was larger than it had ever been before, amounting to \$150,000. The very presence as well as the addresses of the Archbishop of Canterbury served to underscore the world-wide outreach of the Anglican Communion.

A series of missionary meetings of the Woman's Auxiliary and two great mass meetings in Tremont Temple and Symphony Hall under the auspices of the Convention itself, at which thrilling addresses were delivered by Bishop McKin of Japan and Bishop Brent of the Philippines, stirred the deputies to a positive missionary enthusiasm that compensated for any possible dullness or negativism that may have been present in the official business sessions of the two Houses. The House of Bishops elected five missionary bishops and the Convention worked out a more effective way of administering the missionary work of the Church.

Even The Outlook, a contemporary secular magazine, commented:

"This is emphatically a missionary convention. . . . It has not overlooked the value of a world-wide knowledge of humanity and it has brought home its missionary bishops and given them ample time in which to tell the churches of their work and arouse them to their duties. . . .

"The foreign missionary is not an exile, suffered to return by permission of the society that sent him out, but he is rather an ambassador on great errands. From St. Paul until now, the greatest and best of the Church have been, not its theologians nor its prelates, but those who have so fully apprehended the real meaning and work of Christ as to do what He did... give the good news of the Fatherhood of God to all men.

"It is well that the Episcopal Church crowns its great convention by sitting at the feet of its truest representatives, namely, its missionaries. . . . When the Episcopal Church thus gives missions this high place in its Convention, it reveals the truest wisdom both as an organism and as a believing church."

Prior to the first General Convention to be held in Boston in 1877 the missionary work of the Church was carried on by an autonomous Board of Missions quite separate from General Convention. That Convention made General Convention directly responsible for the missionary work of the Church. The 1904 Convention streamlined the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the Church, and gave top priority to missionary work.

Surely we cannot hope for anything better than that the third Convention about to be held in Boston may follow in the footsteps of the previous Boston Conventions and give an equally new and irresistible impetus to the missionary opportunity at home and abroad.



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Unity

(Continued from page 13)

Iramatically seen in Anglicanism in we are held together not by a sion of faith (although in a sense s present as a resultant of our non prayer" life) nor by an ritarian hierarchy, autocratically ized, nor by a uniform heterogeocio-cultural environment (Anglin, poor word, exists among all and conditions of men).

and conditions of men).
e focus of unity is liturgical.
hmen of Catholic belief and pracught to be most aware of this.
over, it is in this context that our
standing and discussion of the
ing of the ministry should take

The essential nature of the tolic ministry is seen clearly in the of its liturgical functions, but is ed—if not almost totally obscured en we look at the Ministry in terms ministrative or juridical concepts. is brings us to the heart of the ion for General Convention. If no of the three approaches sketched and especially the method of conional or organizational formulaleads anywhere other than to a alley, how are we to make possible Christians a common experience of s creative and redemptive activity igh the Liturgy?

ne Unity Commission suggests, but suggests, an answer: the extension he Apostolic Ministry along the proposed by the Archbishop of erbury in his famous Cambridge on [see p. 14 of this issue].

cause the 1946 General Convenrecommended inter-communion as p toward eventual organic union, problem of the ministry cannot be ed; it comes even more to the fore must be faced. The Commission taken seriously the 1946 General rention statement.

cannot be expected that the forthing General Convention nor the nor even the general mind of the rich, will have in the foreseeable ee any simple reply to the question is thow may be realized a univerrecognized and authorized ministry, we can decide one thing. Is the ion a proper question? Until we learned under God's guidance what for and how to ask the right ions, we cannot expect the right

comes down to this. There are for copalians only two live options: reply constitutional procedure and this involves by way of a superus trust in concordats, treaties, and necessarily ambiguous documents, tercommunion as a means to making tively possible for all of us God's presence and purpose. That is eal unity question for General Conton 1952.



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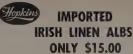
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PITTSBURGH—A 70-year old Monangahela man with 40 years of successful business experience behind him has satisfied an ambition set for himsef as a young man—ordination to the priesthood.

He is now the Rev. James Markell Frye, who has retired from his wholesale confectionery business, and will be in charge of the Church of the Transfiguration, Clairton, Pa., where he has been serving as deacon for the last six years.

As a young man, Mr. Frye, hoping to enter the ministry, studied at St. Ste-



Mr. Frye
From confection to Transfiguration.

phen's College, New York, and at California State Normal College. When it became apparent that he was needed in his father's business, he had to abandon his plans.

For the past 25 years Mr. Frye has been giving part of his time as a lay-reader and deacon in the diocese of Pittsburgh.

The ordination ceremony took place July 12th in St. Mark's Church, Johnstown, where Bishop Pardue officiated.

SOUTH FLORIDA — St. Andrew's Church, Tampa, really wanted a new educational building and parish house, and it took exactly three weeks' time to get pledges of \$151,542.50 to make them possible.

The rector, the Rev. Harold B. Hoag, has announced that building will be begun in September. The plans call for airconditioned executive offices, an auditorium, kitchen facilities, a Woman's Auxiliary lounge with buffet equipment, and modern classrooms.

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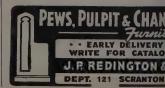


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h nearly a million dollars worth of action already beyond the halfway on the campus of the University South, and plans approved for new dormitory and four new residences, Sewanee's building m continues to forge ahead.

ady halfway finished and schedor completion by next September illor Hall, a commons and dormir the College of Arts and Sciences,

orgas Hall, a dormitory for Se-Military Academy. The two igs will be paid for by the school's

y raised \$1,000,000.

their spring meeting Sewanee's reauthorized additional building ss. Plans were approved for Shapall, a \$250,000 dormitory to house idents. The first building cond to the university by an alumnus, rd Hall is the gift of Robert P. rd, Jr., and his mother, Mrs. Rob-Shapard, Sr., of Griffin, Ga.

e university has also been authoro go ahead with plans for "Ala-House," a faculty residence for the l of Theology, and a deanery for end of the seminary. Twenty-five and dollars was recently contribfor "Alabama House" by the diof Alabama.

\$50,000 gift from the diocese of a has been designated for two y residences for the College of and Sciences, making a total of four tone faculty residences for which are available.

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e School of Nursing of St. John's tal, Brooklyn, N. Y., will hold its encement exercises on September wenty-two young women will beregistered nurses at the service will be held at the Cathedral of carnation, Garden City, N. Y.

ONDARY

uate from Greece

ong the 40 students at St. Anse, Middletown, Del., receiving ation diplomas on June 7th was antine Simonides of Athens, e, the first student under the alummenorial scholarship established ving memorial to the 24 Andreans ost their lives in World War II. the graduates have been accepted llege.

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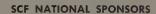
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DEATHS

"Rest eternal grant unto them, O Lord. and let light perpetual shine upon them."

Wallace Goodrich

Dr. Wallace Goodrich, dean emeritus of the New England Conservatory of Music and Junior Warden of the Church of the Advent, Boston, died at his home in that city on June 6th. His name is honored throughout this country and abroad as a talented pianist, organist, teacher, and conductor, and for his work at the Conservatory where he joined the faculty in 1897 and where he served as dean from 1907 through 1930. He was founder and conductor of the Choral Art Society of Boston, conductor of the Boston Opera Company, and Chevalier of the Legion of Honor of France.

A distinguished and devoted Churchman, Dr. Goodrich became a member of the corporation of the Church of the Advent in 1913, and of its vestry in 1929. For many years he was secretary of General Convention's Joint Commission on Church Music, editor of the Choral Service Book, and advisor on other Church music projects.

other Church music projects.

Mrs. Goodrich (Madeleine Boardman) and one son, John W., survive.

Charles Leachman, Priest

The Rev. Charles Leachman, rector of St. Luke's Church, Woodland, Calif., died suddenly August 1st, while on vacation

He had been rector at Woodland since 1943 and before that served other churches in California. He was rector of St. James' Church, Centerville; served at Calvary Church, Santa Cruz; was in charge of the Church of Our Saviour, Mill Valley; and was rector of Christ Church, Eureka.

The Rev. Mr. Leachman was born in Dublin, Ireland, in 1886. He studied at the Church Divinity School of the Pacific and was ordained in 1919. He married Margaret Wilson in 1931.

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CHANGES

Appointments Accepted

The Rev. Gordon Ashbee, who formerly St. Barnabas' Church, Langell Valley, Or now serving St. John's Church, Lakeport, (

The Rev. James T. Bagby, formerly rec St. James' Church, Houston, Tex., will rector of St. Martin's Church, Houston, or tember 1st. Address: 2309 Post Oak Rd.

The Rev. Walter W. Cawthorne, forme charge of the Church of the Holy Comforts lumbia, S. C., is now rector of St. Paul's C Graniteville, S. C. Address: 111 Aiken St.

The Rev. Raymond Cunningham, Jr., for in charge of St. Peter's Church, Plymouth, will become assistant of Grace Church, 802 way, New York, on September 1st. Address E. Fourteenth St., Apt. 8 H, New York.

The Rev. Frank D. Duran, formerly vi All Saints' Church, Mendota, Calif., is now of the Church of the Holy Spirit, Orleans, Address: Box 64, Orleans.

The Rev. Lawrence H. Hall, formerly rec All Saints' Church, Portsmouth, Ohio, will ot tober 1st become senior canon in charge of I Cathedral, Cleveland. Address: 2021 E. Ta Second St., Cleveland 15.

The Rev. Charles G. Hamilton of St. Church, Corinth, Miss., was elected vice-proof the town and country school of Emory versity in Georgia (interdenominational sence).

The Rev. Kee H. Harrison, who has been a the Church of the Advent, St. Petersburg Fla., is now curate of All Saints' Church Lauderdale, Fla. Address: 2043 Bay View

The Rev. Dr. John David Lee, who has serving St. Andrew's Church, Oakland, Calif become rector of the Church of the Incara Santa Rosa, Calif., on September 1st.

The Rev. Lester M. Morse, formerly in of the Salome field in Arizona, is now vi St. Christopher's Church, Hobbs, N. Mex.

The Rev John W. Pyle, formerly fellor tutor of General Theological Seminary, New is now chaplain for college work of the of New York. Address: 1047 Amsterdam New York 25.

The Rev. Albert E. Render, formerly red St. Mark's Church, Havre, Mont., is now vi the Church of the Good Shepherd, Prospec Address: Wildwood, Ore.

The Rev. Rex Clift Simms, formerly vithe Church of the Holy Spirit, Graham, T now vicar of St. Luke's Church, a new at Levelland, Tex. Address: 1102 Ave. 2

The Rev. Robert H. Walters, formerly of St. George's Church, Schenectady, N. X become vicar of St. David's Mission, O Heights, N. Y., on September 15th. A. 227-12 Linden Blvd., St. Alban's 11, L. L.

The Rev. Blake G. M. Wood, formerly resthe Church of the Comforter, Toronto, O will on September 20th become dean of resand assistant professor of classics at St. College, 347 Broadway, Winnipeg, Manito

Armed Forces

Chaplain (Capt.) William P. Barrett, for addressed at Fort Worth, Tex., may now dressed at 108 C Gaffey Heights, Fort Kuo

Chaplain (Lieut. Comdr.) Cyril Best, fo addressed at U.S.S. Mississippi, c/o Fleet New York, may now be addressed at Marine Air Station, Quantico, Va.

Chaplain Charles P. James, formerly wi 108th FA Bn, 28th Inf. Div., Germany, ha released from active duty and may be add temporarily at 224 E. Market St., Mariett

Chapiain (Major) Emmet G. Jones, fo addressed: 3d Div. Arty., APO 468, c/o San Francisco, may now be addressed: HQ APO 301, c/o P. M., San Francisco.

Chaplain (Major) James Richards, form Randolph Field, Tex., is now assigned to Air Force Base, Pleasanton, Calif.

Chaplain (Capt.) Frederick H. Wielage merly addressed at 3440th ASU, Fort Be Ga., may now be addressed at the U. S. Hospital at Fort Benning.

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REGISTRATION DATES: FRESHMEN, SEPT. 16 UPPERCLASSMEN, SEPT. 18

For Further Information Address:

The Registrar St. Augustine's College Raleigh, N. C.

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ogue. St. Paul's School, Box L, Garden City,
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When writing to the Church Schools advertising in this issue, please mention THE LIVING CHURCH.

CHANGES = Changes of Address

The office address of the diocese of Western New York and of Bishop Scaife of the diocese, formerly at 237 North St., is now at 1114 Dela-ware Ave., Buffalo 9.

The Rev. Paul H. Baker, having been placed on the retired list of the U. S. Army, is in temporary residence at 602 S. E. Riverside Dr., Evansville, Ind., before returning to parish work.

The Rev. Everett Bosshard, who has been professor of dogmatic theology and instructor in apologetics at Nashotah House, may be addressed until October 15th at 1830 S. Normandie, Los Angeles 6, Calif.; after October 15th: Box 1296, Santa Barbara, Calif.

The Rev. Erland L. Groton, who recently became associate rector of St. Matthew's Church, Kenosha, Wis., has had a change of address from Nineteenth Ave. to 811" Sixtieth St., both in

The Rev. Canon William M. Hargis, who suffered a heart attack last May and has been in St. Luke's Hospital, Kansas City, Mo., returned to take services in Grace and Holy Trinity Cathedral on August 10th.

The Rev. L. Stanley Jeffery, rector of Grace Memorial Church, Lynchburg, Va., and Emmanuel Church, Madison Heights, with his wife, has been vacationing this summer in Cornwall, visiting relatives.

relatives. When the Jefferys left by air from New York for London in July, Mrs. C. Stanley Rogers of Roanoke, Va., director of Christian education in the diocese of Southwestern Virginia, was also flying to London to visit relatives in England and on the Continent. The Jefferys are natives of

The Rev. Frank Levy, retired priest of the dio-cese of Mississippi, has had a change of address from 2416 Broadway to 2622 Lowerline St., New

The Rev. R. S. Marxsen, priest of the diocese of Springfield, formerly addressed at 204 S. Clayton St., Bloomington, Ill., may now be ad-dressed at 310 Florence Ave., Normal, Ill.

The Rev. Mack M. Morris, rector of All Saints' Church, San Benito, Tex., may be addressed for all mail at Box 1927, San Benito, Tex.

Ordinations

Priests

Central New York: The Rev. Robert Anderson, Jr., was ordained priest on May 24th by Bishop

SCHOOLS

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Higley, Suffragan Bishop of Central New York, Higley, Suffragan Bishop of Central New York, at Christ Church, Guilford, N. Y., where the new priest will be rector. He will also be assist ant missioner of the Chenango Mission field. Presenter, the Rev. A. S. Hoag; preacher, the Rev. P. F. Rex. Address: Box 77, Guilford.

Louisiana: The Rev. James Monroe Barnett was ordained priest on July 25th by Bishop Jones of Louisiana at the Church of the Good Shepherd, Lake Charles, La., where the new priest is curate. Presenter, the Rev. I. B. Noland; preach-er, the Very Rev. A. R. Stuart.

Massachusetts: The Rev. Don Johnston was ordained priest by Bishop Nash of Massachusetts on June 21st at Trinity Church, Haverhill, Mass. Presenter, the Rev. L. A. Houghton; preacher, the Rev. Hastings Smyth, superior of the Society of the Catholic Commonwealth, Cambridge, of which the ordinand is also a member. To continue as assistant of Trinity Church, Haverhill, and worker with juvenile delinquents in Wor-

The Rev. Edgar Dutcher Romig was ordained priest by Bishop Nash of Massachusetts on May 11th at Trinity Church, Boston, where the new priest is assistant in charge of work for students. Presenter, the Rev. Dr. T. P. Ferris; preacher, the Rev. Dr. E. F. Romig. Address: c/o Trinity Church, Copley Sq., Boston 16.

Missouri: The Rev. Joseph T. Swift was ordained priest on August 17th by Bishop Lichtenberger, Bishop Coadjutor of Missouri, at St. Augustine's Church, Maplewood, Mo., where the new priest will be rector. Presenter and preacher, the Rev. C. D. Kean. Address: 1718 Del Norte, Richmond Heights 17, Mo.

Panama Canal Zone: The Rev. Malcolm Richard MacDonald was ordained priest on August 6th by Bishop Gooden of Panama at the Cathedral oth by Bishop Gooden of Panama at the Cathedrai of St. Luke, Ancon, C. Z. Presenter, the Ven, J. H. Townsend; preacher, the Very Rev. R. T. Ferris. To be vicar of St. Andrew's Church, Cocoli, C. Z. Address: Box 704, Cocoli.

Deacons

Colorado: David R. Mosher, who will be or-dained priest in October, was ordained to the diaconate on March 25th by Bishop Gray of Condiaconate on March 25th by Bishop Gray of Colonedo, in the chapel of Berkeley Divinity School, New Haven, Conn. Presenter, the Rev. Dr. R. C. Dentan; preacher, Dean P. L. Urban. During the summer the Rev. Mr. Mosher is serving as vicar of St. Paul's Mission, Lakewood, Colo. He will go to Calvary Church, Golden, Colo., on September 1st. He will be rector there. Address: 1820 Arapahoe St., Golden.

Delaware: Ralph Nelson Parkhill was ordained deacon on June 11th by Bishop McKinstry of Delaware at St. Andrew's Church, Wilmington. Presenter, the Rev. W. H. Marmion; preacher, the Rev. D. W. Mayberry. To be vicar of the Church of St. John the Baptist, Milton, Del.

Maryland: Huntington Williams, Jr. was or-dained deacon on June 28th by Bishop Powell of Maryland at the Church of the Redeemer, Balti-more. Presenter, the Rev. P. J. Jensen; preacher, the Rev. Bennett Sims. To be curate of St. Thomas' Church, Owings Mills, Md. Address: Eccleston, Md.

Minnesota: Richard Keene Smith was ordained Minnesota: Richard Keene Smith was ordamed deacon on June 21st by Bishop Keeler of Minnesota at St. Mark's Cathedral, Minneapolis. Presenter, the Rev. P. S. Kramer; preacher, Bishop Horstick of Eau Claire. To be in charge of St. John's Mission, 5107 E. Superior, Duluth, and St. Andrew's-by-the-Lake, 2802 Minnesota Ave., Duluth. Address: 3505 Minnesota Ave., Duluth.

Newark: Harry William Hansen was ordained deacon on May 31st by Bishop Washburn of Newark at St. Matthew's Church, Jersey City, N. J. Presenter, the Rev. V. G. Lewis; preacher, the Rev. Pierson Parker. To go to Japan as a missionary; at present, studying language at Yale University, New Haven, Conn. Address: 109 Hawthorne St., Cranford, N. J.

North Carolina: John William Carter was ordained deacon on July 13th by Bishop Penick of North Carolina at the Church of the Good Shepherd, Raleigh, N. C. Presenter, the Rev. J. M. Dick; preacher, the Rev. W. Moultrie, Jr. To be in charge of Grace Church, Weldon, N. C., and the Church of the Saviour, Jackson, N. C. Address: 609 Cedar St., Weldon.

Olympia: Charles A. Forbes, Jr. was ordained deacon on June 24th by Bishop Bayne of Olympia at St. Mark's Cathedral, Seattle, Wash. Presenter, the Rev. Gordon Lind; preacher, the Rev. Frederick Avery. To be curate of Trinity Church, Everett, Wash., in charge of St. Augustine's Mission, Wridbey Island. Address: Box 42, Langley, Wash.

Southern Ohio: Paul Emerson Hannaford was Southern Onic: Faul Emerson Hannatord was ordained deacon on June 24th by Bishop Hobson of Southern Ohio at St. Mary's Church, Hillsboro, Ohio. Presenter, the Rev. S. N. Keys; preacher, the Rev. Canon G. P. Symons. To be in charge of St. Paul's Church, Logan, Ohio, and the Church of the Epiphany, Nelsonville, dress in Logan.

Upper South Carolina: John Gorman Clari Upper South Carolina: John Gorman Clari Jr. was ordained deacon on June 14th by Bi Gravatt of Upper South Carolina at St. J. Church, Congaree, S. C. Presenter, the Rev. D. Chambers; preacher, the Rev. E. L. N. To be in charge of St. Paul's Church, Batesi S. C., and Grace Church, Ridge Springs. dress: St. Paul's Church, Perry St., Batesi

Marriages

The Rev. Donald Becker, curate of Church, Whitefish Bay, a suburb of Milwa was married on June 30th to Miss Eva Sch who has been on the faculty of Milwa Downer College. Mrs. Becker is a Sunday street. teacher at Christ Church.

The Rev. Dr. Whitney Hale, rector of Church of the Advent, Boston, has annot the marriage of his daughter, Margaret E beth, on June 21st to the Rev. Daniel Br Kunhardt. The young couple will live in Tax Wash., where the young deacon will be cof Christ Church. Address: 306 N. K

Degrees Conferred

The Rev. David H. Brooks received the orary degree of doctor of divinity on May from Edward Waters College, Jacksonville, The Rev. Dr. Brooks is completing his fifth as vicar of St. Michael's Church and chato Episcopal students at Florida Agricul and Mechanical College, Tallahassee.

The Rev. William Burrows, rector of St. I Church, Indianapolis, and the Rev. John I received the honorary degree of doctor of s theology from Berkeley Divinity School on 3d. The Rev. Dr. Anson Phelps Stokes red the honorary degree of doctor of canon lay

Mr. Henry T. Ferriss, 1 Clermont Lane, I 24, Mo., is the first lay alternate for Mis succeeding Mr. Robert R. Love, deputy-elect, died suddenly on June 25th.

Mr. Charles A. Lewis, Jr., of Memphis, T formerly director of the Brotherhood of St. drew chapter there and an officer of two dustrial companies in Memphis, is now full office manager for the Brotherhood of St. An at its national offices in York, Pa. Mr. Lev 42 years of age.



GO TO CHURCH THIS SUMMER

The rectors of the churches listed here request you to make this your summer slogan, and invite you to attend Church services, whether you are away on vacation or at home.



LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

ST. MARY OF THE ANGELS 4510 Finley Avenue Rev. James Jordon, r; Rev. Neol Dodd, rem Sun Mosses: 8, 9:15, 11. Doilly 9, ex Tues & Fri 7. MP 8:30 & Ev 5:30 Doily. C Sat 4:30 & 7:30 & by appt

-SAN DIEGO, CALIF .-

ST. JOHN'S, Chula Vista Rev. Richard Nale, r 6 ml, south of City Tel: C.V. 1281 Sun 8, 9:15, 11; Daily Mass & V

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF .-

ADVENT OF CHRIST THE KING Rev. Weston H. Gillett; 261 Fell St. nr. Gough Rev. Francis Kane McNaul, Jr. Sun Masses 8, 9:30, 11 (High & Ser); 9 MP; Daily 7:30 ex Sat; Fri, Sat & HD 9:30; 9 MP, 5:30 Ev; 1st Fri HH 8; C Sat 4:30 & 7:30 & by appt

ST. FRANCIS'
Rev. Edward M. Pennell, Jr.
Sun 8, 9:30 & 11; HC Wed 7:15; HD & Thurs 9:15

-DENVER, COLO.-

ST. ANDREW'S Rev. Gordon L. Graser, v 2015 Glenorm Place Sun Masses 8, 11; Daily Mosses 7:30 ex Mon 10; Thurs 7; C Sat 5-6 Three blocks from Cosmopolitan Hotel.

ST. MARY'S
Sun Masses 7:30, 9, Sun Ev & B 8; Daily 7, 6 EP,
Wed 7 & 9; Sat C 7:45

Key—Light face type denotes AM, black face PM; addr, address; anno, announced; appt, appointment; B, Benediction; C, Confessions; Cho, Choral; Ch S, Church School; c, curate; d, deacon; EP, Evening Prayer; Eu, Eucharist; Ev, Evensong; ex, except; HC, Holy Communion; HD, Holy Days; HH, Holy Hour; Instr., Instructions; Int, Intercessions; Lit, Litany; Mat, Matins; MP, Morning Prayer; r, rector; Ser, Sermon; Sol, Solemn; Sta, Stations; V, Vespers; v, vicar; YPF, Young People's Fellowship.

-STEAMBOAT SPRINGS, COLO.-

ST. PAUL'S Rev. Justin Van Lopik, v On U. S. 40 H Eu 4th Sun 8:30, other Sun 6:30 & 11; Daily anno; C Sat 6:30-7:30 & by appt

-NEW HAVEN, CONN.-ST. LUKE'S Rev. H. B. I 111 Whalley Avenue Sun 7:30 HC, 11 MP, 11 1st Sun Cho Eu Rev. H. B. Hannibal, r

-NORWALK, CONN .-

ST. PAUL'S ON THE GREEN Rev. Sewall Emerson Sun 8, 9:30 HC (ex 1 S), 11 MP (1 S HC); Thurs 9:45 HC & Healing; Tues, Fri 7 HC; C Sat

WASHINGTON, D. C .-

ST. PAUL'S
Sun Masses: 8, 9:30, 11:15 Sol, Ev & B 8;
daily ex Sat 7; Sat 12; Prayer Book days 7
Noon; C Sat 5-6

-MILTON, FLA.-

ST. MARY'S Sun H Eu 9:30; Wed & HD 7

-CHICAGO, ILL .-

OUR SAVIOUR Rev. William R. Wet 530 W. Fullerton Pkwy. (Convenient to the I Sun Masses: 8 & 10; Daily Mass; C Sat 4-5

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S Rev. John M. Young, 6720 Stewart Avenue Sun 7:30, 9, 11 HC; Others posted

EVANSTON, ILL.

ST. LUKE'S Sun Eu 7:30, 9, 11; Weekdays Eu 7; Also 6:15; Also Fri (Requiem) 7:30; Also Wed & 10:5; MP 6:45; 1st Fri HH & B 8:15; C Sat 15:30, 7:30-8:30 & by appt

-EVANSVILLE, IND.-Rev. Imri M. Black

ST. PAUL'S 301 S. E. First Sun: 8 & 10; HD as anno (Continued on next page)



GO TO CHURCH THIS SUMMER

(Continued from previous page)



-FORT WAYNE, IND .-

Berry & Fulton Sts. ao. B. Wood, r; Rev. Geo. W. DeGraff, ass't 30, 9 Eu, 11 MP; Fri 9:30 Eu

-BALTIMORE, MD.-

CHAEL AND ALL ANGELS 20th and St. Paul F. Fenn, D.D., r; Rev. R. W. Seaman, c; E. Leatherbury, c 30, 9:30, 11 & daily

OCEAN CITY, MD .-

UL'S BY THE SEA Rev . William L. Dewees, r 28; (Daily 8); Ch S 9:30, MP 11; Br. of St. v 7:30

-SALISBURY, MD.-

TER'S Rev. Nelson M. Gage, r

-CAMBRIDGE, MASS .-

T CHURCH Rev. Gardiner M. Day, r rd Square 11; Wed & HD 11

-MARBLEHEAD, MASS.-

ICHAEL'S Rev. David W. Norton, Jr., r n 1714 G 11; HD 8

-DETROIT, MICH .-

RNATION Rev. Clark L. Attrid Dexter Blvd. s: Sun 7:30, 10:30; Daily: as anno Rev. Clark L. Attridge, D.D

RIDGEWOOD (Newark), N. J.— ST CHURCH Rev. Alfred J. A., 11; Fri & HD 9:30 Rev. Alfred J. Miller

-SEA GIRT, N. J.-

RIEL THE ARCHANGEL Canon R. H. Miller HC, 9:30 Sung Eu, 11 MP; Daily: HC 7:30, 9:30

-FARMINGTON, N. MEX.-

JUAN MISSION (Indian) George L. Packard, Supt. IC 8; Tues 7; Thurs 7; C Sat 8-9

-BROOKLYN, L. I., N. Y.-

OHN'S ("The Church of the Generals") 5t. & Ft. Hamilton Pkwy. Theodore H. Winkert, r , 9:30 HC, 11 MP, 1st Sun HC 11

-BUFFALO, N. Y.-

AUL'S CATHEDRAL
Rev. Philip F. McNoiry, dean; Rev. Leslie D.
tt; Rev. Mitchell Haddad
, 9:30, 11; HC Daily 12; Tues 7:30, Wed 11

NDREW'S Rev. Thomas R. Gibson, r Main at Highgate Aasses 8 & 10; Daily 7, Thurs 10; C Sat, 8:30 & by appt

-FREDONIA, N. Y.-

Rev. Harry W. Vere, v

treet HC, 11 Morning Service & Ser

-GLENS FALLS, N. Y.-MESSIAH Rev. S. D. Jenkins, r 7:30, 9 HC; Daily 7 HC; North Church, kill Bay, Lake George 11

-NEW YORK CITY-

IEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE , 9, 11 MP & HC; 10 MP; 4 EP; 11 & 4 Ser; days: 8 (and 9 HD ex Wed & 10 Wed), :45 MP, 5 EP. Open daily 7-6

ARTHOLOMEW'S Rev. Anson P. Stokes, Jr., r Avenue & 51st Street 130 HC, 11 Morning Service & Ser; Weekday ues 10:30; Wed & Saints' Days 8; Thurs Organ Recitals Fri 12:10. Church open for prayer.

ENLY REST Rev. John Ellis Large, D.D. tve. at 90th Street
HC 8 & 10:10, Morning Service & Ser 11;
& HD 12 HC; Wed 12 Healing Service

-NEW YORK CITY (Cont.)-

ST. IGNATIUS' 87th St. & West End Ave., one block West of Broadway Rev. W. F. Penny; Rev. C. A. Weatherby Sun 8:30 & 10:30 (Solemn); Daily 8; C Sat 4-5, 7:30-8:30

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION Rev. Joseph S. Minnis, D.D. Sun HC 8, 9:30 & 11, EP 8; Weekdays HC daily 7 & 10, MP 9, EP 5:30, Sat 5, Int 12; C Sat 4-5 & by appt

ST. MARY THE VIRGIN FROM Rev. Grieg Taber, D.D. 139 West 46th Street Sun 7, 9, 11, EP & B 8; Daily 7, 8, Wed & HD 9:30, Fri 12:10; C Sat 2-3, 4-5, 7:30-8:30

RESURRECTION
115 East 74th
Rev. A. A. Chambers, r; Rev. F. V. Wood, c
Masses: Sun 8 & 10; Daily 7:30 ex Mon & Sat 10

ST. THOMAS' Rev. Roelif H. Brooks, S.T.D., r 5th Ave. & 53d St. Sun 8 & 9 HC, 11 MP, 11 1 & 3 S HC; daily, 8:30 HC; HD 12:10 HC

TRANSFIGURATION Rev. Randolph Ray, D.D. Little Church Around the Corner One East 29th St. Sun HC 8 & 9 (Daily 8); Cho Eu & Ser 11; V 4

TRINITY Rev. Bernard C. Newman, v Broadway & Wall St.
Sun 8, 9, 11 & 3:30; Daily: 8, 12 ex Sat 3

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.

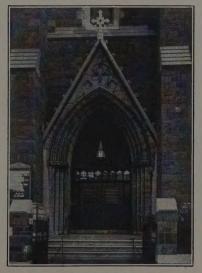
CHRIST CHURCH
Rev. Robert Tervilliger, Ph.D., r; Rev. Charles
Pickett, c
Sun 8 Hc; 9:15, MP & Ser 1 & 3, HC & Ser 2 & 4;
11, HC & Ser 1 & 3, MP & Ser 2 & 4. Daily, 9 MP.
Wed & Fri 8, HC. HD, 8 & 10 HC

SCHENECTADY, N. Y .-

ST. GEORGE'S Rev. Darwin Kirby, Jr., r; Rev. E. Paul Parker; Rev. Robert H. Walters Sun 8, 9, 11 H Eu, (9 Family Eu & Communion Breakfast), 9 School of Religion, 11 Nursery; Dally Eu 7 ex Mon & Thurs 10; HD 7 & 10; Dally: MP 8.45, EP 5:330; C Sat 8-9, by appt

-SYRACUSE, N. Y.-

ALL SAINTS' 1800 S. Salina Street Sun 8, 10; Daily: 7:30, 5:30 Rev. Frank L. Titus



GRACE CHURCH Utica, N. Y.

-UTICA, N. Y .-

GRACE Rev. Stonley P. Gasek, r; Rev. R. Louis Somers, c; Rev. Halsey M. Cook, c. Sun 8, 9:15, 11; HC Wed 7; Thurs 10; Fri 7:30; Lit daily 12:15

-CINCINNATI, OHIO-

ST. MICHAEL AND ALL ANGELS, 3626 Reading Rd. Rev. Francis Campbell Gray, r Sun HC 8 & 10:45, Mat 10:30; HC weekdays 7 ex Mon 10; C Sat 7-8

---COLUMBUS, OHIO-

TRINITY Broad & Third Streets Rev. Robert W. Fay, D.D., Rev. Timothy Pickering, B.D., ass't. Sun 8 HC, 11 MP 1S HC; Fri 12 HC; Evening, Weekday, Special services as announced.

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA.

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL Very Rev. John S. Willey 7th and Robinson

Sun 8:30, 10:50, 11; Thurs 10

---TULSA, OKLA.-

TRINITY 501 S. Cincinnati Ave. Rev. E. H. Eckel, S.T.D., r; Rev. F. J. Bloodgood, D.D., assoc r

Sun HC 7, 8, Ch S 9:30, Service & Ser 11

-PHILADELPHIA, PA.-

ST. MARK'S Locust St. between 16th and 17th Sts. Rev. Emmett P. Paige, r; Rev. Paul C. Kintzing, Jr. Sun H Eu 8. Mat 10:30, Sung Eu & Ser 11, EP 4; Dally: Mar 15 Min bf. Eu; Mon & Tues 7:45; Wed & Fri Eu 7; Thurs & Sat Eu 9:30; EP 5:30; C Sat 4 to 5 & appt

PITTSBURGH, PA .-

ST. MARY'S MEMORIAL Rev. R. H. Thomas, v 362 McKee Place, Oakland Sun Mass with Ser during Summer 9:30

NEWPORT, R. I.

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Rev. James R. MacColl, III, r; Rev. Peter Chase, c
Sun HC 8, Family Service 9:15, MP 11; HC Tues,
Fri & HD 7:15, Wed & HD 11

-DENISON, TEXAS-

ST. LUKE'S Rev. David A. Jones 427 W. Woodard Sun H Eu &, 9:30 (Cho); Daily 7, ex Wed & Sat; Wed 9:30; C by appt

-HOUSTON, TEXAS-

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL Texas & Fannin St. Very Rev. Hamilton H. Kellogg, S.T.D., dean; Canon Harold O. Martin, Jr.; Rev. Keith M. Bardin,

Sun HC 7:30, 9:15, Service & Ser 11; Daily: HC 7, Chapel

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

ST. PAUL'S MEMORIAL Rev. H. Paul Osborne, r Grayson & Willow Sts. Sun 8, 9:30 & 11; Wed & HD 10

BELLOWS FALLS, VT .--

Rev. Robert S. Kerr, r IMMANUEL Sun HC 7:30, 9; Wed, Fri & HD, HC 8

-MADISON, WIS .-

Rev. Edward Potter Sabin, r ST. ANDREW'S 1833 Regent St. Sun 8 & 11 HC; Wed & HD 9:30

-MONTREAL P. Q., CANADA-

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST
Ontario St. West at Urbain
Rev. H. L. Hertzler, r; Rev. B. D. Freeland, ass't
Sun: H Eu 8 & 9:15, Mat 10:15, Sol Eu & Ser 11,
EP (said) 5, Daily: H Eu 7, also Wed & HD 9:30;
MP 7:45; EP 5:30. C Sat 7:30-8

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With investments of approximately \$20,000 and other assets of approximately \$40,000, the Church Literature Foundation has a good start toward the \$250,000 it should have in order to publish a larger LIVING CHURCH at a lower price and to circulate the magazine among many more Church-people.

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